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Thai Term Glossary

Amphoe : District Ban : Village

Chedi : Stupa or Pagoda

Khao or Doi or Phu : Mountain Khlong : Canal

Mueang : Town or City
Namtok : Waterfall
Tambon : Sub-district

Tham : Cave

Ubosot or Bot :ordination hall in a temple
Wihan : Image hall in a temple

Wat : Temple

Note: English spelling here given tries to approximate Thai pronunciation. Posted signs may be differently. When seeking help from a Thai for directions, point to the Thai spellings given after each place name.

Legend has it that Chiang Rai was founded by King Mengrai. He later relocated to rule Chiang Mai, and subsequently, was succeeded by his son Phaya Chai Songkhram, the next ruler of Chiang Rai - a Chiang Mai vassal. Three hundred years ago Chiang Rai was a ghost town since the war refugees either fleed to other towns or were forcibly displaced to the south. In 1910, under the reign of the King Rama V the Great, Chiang Rai's status was elevated from a vassal town to Mueang Chiang Rai - to be part of an administrative circle used at that time called Monthon. Chiang Saen, Fang, and Phayao were administratively under it. Eventually, Mueang Chiang Rai became a province.

The northern most province of Thailand, Chiang Rai is situated on the Kok River basin. With an area of some 11,678 square kilometers. Mostly mountainous, it reaches the Mae Khong River to the north and borders on both the Republic of

the Union of Myanmar and the Lao People's Democratic Republic. The province is rich in tourism resources in term of natural attractions and antiquities, evidence of its past civilisation. It is also home to several hilltribes who follow fascinating ways of life. Chiang Rai is also a tourism gateway into the Republic of the Union of Myanmar and the Lao People's Democratic Republic.

Administration

Chiang Rai is administratively divided into 18 districts; namely, Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai, Amphoe Chiang Khong, Amphoe Chiang Rung, Amphoe Chiang Saen, Amphoe Doi Luang, Amphoe Khun Tan, Amphoe Mae Chan, Amphoe Mae Fa Luang, Amphoe Mae Lao, Amphoe Mae Sai, Amphoe Mae Suai, Amphoe Pa Daet, Amphoe Phan, Amphoe Phaya Mengrai, Amphoe Thoeng, Amphoe Wiang Chiang Rung, Amphoe Wiang Chai, Amphoe Wiang Kaen and Amphoe Wiang Pa Pao.

BOUNDARIES

North : Republic of the Union of Myanmar.

South : Phayao

East : The Lao People's Democratic Republic

of Lao PDR.

West : Chiang Mai

HOW TO GET THERE

By Car: Visitors can travel in a loop. From Amphoe In Buri of Sing Buri Province, take Highway No. 11 passing Tak Fa – Wang Thong – Phitsanulok – Uttaradit – Den Chai – Phrae – Rong Kwang. Turn left onto Highway No. 103 towards Amphoe Ngao. Take a right turn onto Highway No. 1 that leads through Phayao to Chiang Rai Province. The total distance is 785 kilometers

By Bus: The Transport Company Limited provides daily services of air-conditioned and regular coaches, leaving the Bangkok Northern Bus Terminal (Chatuchak) on Kamphaeng Phet 2 Road. For more information contact Tel. 0 2936 2842-66, 0 2793 8111, 1490 www.transport. co.th. Chiang Rai Bus Terminal 2 Tel. 0 5377 3989

Coaches offered by private companies.

- Nakhon Chai Air Tel. 1624 www.nca.co.th
- Siam First Tour Tel. 0 2954 3601-7, 0 5370 0092, 0 5379 1227 www.siamfirst.co.th
- Cherd Chai Tour Tel. 0 2936 0199

By Train: The State Railway of Thailand operates daily services from Hua Lamphong Railway station, Bangkok to Chiang Mai. Then catch a local bus further from Arcade Bus terminal, Chiang Mai to Chiang Rai. For information contact Tel. 1690 www. railway.co.th

By Air: There are many direct flights from Bangkok to Chiang Rai every day by;

- Thai Air Asia

Tel. 0 2515 9999 www.airasia.com

- Thai Airways

Tel. 0 2356 1111 www.thaiairways.com

- Thai Smile

Tel. 0 2118 8888 www.thaismileair.com

- Nok Air

Tel. 1318 www.nokair.com

- Bangkok Airways Tel. 1771, 0 2270 6699 www.bangkokair.com

Transportation within Chiang Rai and to other provinces

Local Transportation

The Chiang Rai Bus Terminal 1 near the Night

Bazaar offers bus services to other districts of Chiang Rai and neighbouring provinces. Contact the Chiang Rai Bus Terminal 1, Tel. 0 5371 5952.

For flight passengers, the Mae Fa Luang - Chiang Rai International Airport taxi service goes to the city and other places within the province. Taxi charges are by distance. Contact the Chiang Rai Airport Cooperative Limited from 08.00 a.m. – 09.00 p.m., Tel. 0 5379 8223.

Transportation to other provinces

The Chiang Rai Bus Terminal 2 offers bus services to Chiang Mai, Phayao, Phrae, Lampang, Mae Sot, Uttaradit, Phitsanulok, Pattaya, Rayong, Nakhon Ratchasima, Sakon Nakhon, Nakhon Phanom, Loei, Udon Thani and Khon Kaen, Contact the Chiang Rai Bus Terminal 2, Tel. 0 5377 3989.

Song Thaeo runs between Bus Terminal 1 and 2 charged at 10 Baht

Distances from Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai to neighboring districts

Ciliaria nar to neighborning districts		
Chiang Khong	114	Kilometers
Chiang Saen	60	Kilometers
Doi Luang	57	Kilometers
Khun Tan	60	Kilometers
Phaya Mengrai	48	Kilometers
Mae Chan	29	Kilometers
Mae Fa Luang	65	Kilometers
Mae Lao	15	Kilometers
Mae Sai	61	Kilometers
Mae Suai	52	Kilometers
Pa Daet	52	Kilometers
Phan	46	Kilometers
Thoeng	64	Kilometers
Wiang Chai	12	Kilometers
Wiang Chiang Rung	24	Kilometers
Wiang Kaen	127	Kilometers
Wiang Pa Pao	91	Kilometers



Wat Phra Sing

Distances from Chiang Rai to Nearby Provinces

Chiang Mai 182 Kilometers Phayao 94 Kilometers

ATTRACTIONS

Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai King Mengrai the Great Memorial (อนุสาวรีย์พ่อขุนเม็งรายมหาราช)

Right at the center of Chiang Rai city finds the monument of King Mengrai, the great king who founded Lanna Thai kingdom King Mengrai was originally the ruler of Nakhon Hiran Ngoen Yang, an ancient town off in Chiang Saen. With a will to create a great kingdom of Lanna folks, he advanced his power to nearby kingdoms (Chiang Rai was one of them) until he successfully established the Lanna Thai kingdom in 1296 with his power centered at Chiang Mai.

Phaya Mengrai Stupa (กู่พญามังราย)

in front of Wat Ngam Mueang atop Doi Ngam Mueang was built by King Chaisongkram to contain the remains of his father (King Mengrai).



King Mengrai the Great Memorial

Wat Phra Sing (วัดพระสิงห์)

Not far from the Chiang Rai town hall is Wat Phra Sing, a historic temple once home to the sacred Lanna-style Buddhist statue Phra Buddha Sihing, which is now in Chiang Mai. Nevertheless, Wat Phra Sing remains a temple worth visiting for its Lanna-style ordination hall featuring finest creations of lanna craftmen. For more information contact Tel. 0 5371 1735, 0 5374 4523



Wat Phra Kaeo

Wat Phra Kaeo (วัดพระแก้ว)

In 1354, during the reign of King Sam Fang Kaen, who ruled Chiang Mai, lightning struck the chedi of Wat Phra Kaeo, situated on Trai Rat Road, Tambon Wiang, and cracked it open. A Buddha image gilded with gold leaf on black lacquer was found inside the broken chedi. When that black lacquer came off, a beautiful jade figure was then seen concealed within it This Emerald Buddha is now housed at the Temple of the Emerald Buddha in Bangkok. On 21 October, 1990, enshrined in the Ho Phra Yok or Hall of the Jade Buddha, a replica crafted from jade - Phra Yok Chiang Rai or Phra Phuttha Rattanakon Nawuttiwatsanuson Mongkhon was commissioned to honour the late Princess Mother's 90th birthday anniversary. The adjacent two-storey modern Lanna style building is

a museum or Huang Luang Saeng Kaeo a reinforced concrete building lined with teak wood both outside and inside. It houses various revered Buddha images including Phra Chao Than Chai, Phra Prot Lok, Phra Phuttha Si Chiang Rai, as well as, a display of modern Buddhist art and culture. For information contact Tel. 0 5371 1385 Fax. 0 5371 5875 www.watphrakaew-chiangrai.com open from 07.00 a.m. - 06.00 p.m.

Wat Phrathat Doi Thong (วัดพระธาตุดอยทอง)

is situated on At Amnuai Road, behind the City Hall. Legend has it that this temple was built by Phraya Ruean Kaeo, the ruler of Chaiyanarai City in 940. The Chedi was collapsed by an earthquake. When King Mengrai spotted the strategic location on which to establish Mueang





Wat Rong Khun

Wat Phrathat Chom Sak

Chiang Rai from the top of Doi Chom Thong, a new chedi was constructed there. The 108-post City Pillar known as Sao Sadue Mueang - the City Navel Pillar or centre of the city - is also installed here to commemorate King Mengrai and to celebrate His Majesty King Bhumibol Adulyadej's 5th cycle birthday anniversary. His Majesty came to anoint the pillar on 27 January, 1988.

Wat Rong Khun (วัดร่องขุ่น)

located at Ban Rong Khun, Tambon Pa O Don Chai is regarded as one of the most beautiful temples built in this century. A masterpiece of artist Chaloemchai Khositphiphat, famed for his extravagant and unique Buddhism-related paintings, Wat Rong Khun reflects the artist's grand visions of heaven, hell and Nirvana. The main assembly hall and adjacent area are carved in white with glass mosaics. The walls have been painted with a depiction of heaven and hell. Donations are welcome but should not exceed 10,000 Baht as Chalermchai doesn't want to be under the influence of big donors, even though he's spent more than 40 million Baht of his own cash.

To get there: Travel along Phahonyothin roadside at Kilometers 816, approximately 12 kilometers. from the city. It opens daily from 08.00 a.m. – 05.00 p.m. For more information Tel. 0 5367 3579 Fax: 0 5367 3539 www.watrongkhun.org

Wat Phrathat Chom Sak (วัดพระธาตุจอมสัก)

is located in Tambon Ban Du. The temple was built in the period of Yonok Chaiyaburi Si Chiang Saen. During the reign of Phrachao Phangkharat, the 24th king of the Yonok Dynasty, a senior monk named Phra Phutthakhosachan from Koson district in Suthammawadi city brought 16 pieces of the Lord Buddha's relics from then Ceylon and gave them to the king. King Phangkharat had a royal command to divide the relics into 3 portions to be enshrined separately at Phrathat (pagoda) Chom Thong, Phrathat Chom Kitti, and Phrathat Doi Ban Yang, In 1947, Phra Khruba Khamla Sangwaro presided over the renovation of Phrathat Doi Ban Yang. A new pagoda was built to cover the old one, together with a Wihan, teakwood Buddha image hall on stilts. The temple name was later changed to Phrathat Chom Sak.

Suan Somdet Phra Srinagarindra (สวน สมเด็จพระศรีนครินทร์)

has beautiful scenery and a shady atmosphere, comprising a wide lotus lake. The all-year round full lake is best suitable for recreation since the water is cool and clear. It is surrounded by recreational pavilions and gardens of palm and bamboo trees on the slope of a hill. Next to the park is the School of Traditional and Alternative Medicine of Chiang Rai Rajabhat University, which provides health care based on traditional medicine of Lanna wisdom.

To get there: Take the Chiang Rai - Mae Chan Route to get to an entrance through the back of the university. The park is 9 kilometers from the town.

The Sirindhorn Chinese Language and Culture Center (ศูนย์ภาษาวัฒนธรรมจีนสิรินธร)

is located within the Mae Fah Luang University. The center was established through the cooperation between Mae Fa Luang University and the People's Republic of China. The center was built as a memorial to honor HRH Princess Mother's 100th birthday anniversary, representing a symbol of friendships between Thailand and China. The architecture and landscape see an influence from authentic Suzhou Chinese style, with some materials (such as tiles, doors and marbles) were actually shipped from China to maintain its authenticity. It opens daily at 06.00 a.m. – 06.00 p.m. For more information contact Tel. 0 5391 7097 Fax: 0 5391 7093 www. mfu.ac.th

Namtok Khun Kon (น้ำตกขุนกรณ์)

is the highest waterfall in Chiang Rai with 70 meters in height. Surrounded by lush forest,

it's not only the most beautiful waterfall in the province but also a perfect hiking spot.

To get there: take Highway No. 1211. After 18 kilometers, turn right and proceed for another 11 kilometers via Highway No. 1208. Or travel along Highway No. 1 (Chiang Rai-Phayao route) for about 15 kilometers, where there is a right turn to proceed 17 kilometers further before reaching the National Park's ranger station. Then, a 30-minute hike to the waterfall, with the distance of 1,400 meters.

Tai Yuan Hall of Arts (หอศิลป์ไตยวน)

displays drawings from a ballpoint pen, depicting changes in ways of life, Thai society, time, Buddha images in different styles of art of the past periods, as well as wood carvings and books on local arts of the North. All the works were created by Achan Chalong Phinitsuwan. It is open on Tuesday-Sunday from 10.00 a.m. - 05.00 p.m. For further details, contact Tel. 0 5371 2137

To get there: From the Pratu Chiang Mai Intersection,go along the way for 600 meters to Talat Den Ha and turn left into Soi 3 for around 150 meters The hall is on the left-hand side before reaching Wat Chetuphon.

Oub Kham Museum (พิพิธภัณฑ์ถูบคำ)

is located at 81/1 Na Khai Road, Tambon Rob Wiang near Den Ha market, 1 kilometer from the centre of town. The collection embraces objects used in the royal courts such as Lanna court, Khum Chao Phare and khum Chao Chiang Mai some parts are from northeast Myanmar, southwest China and Vietnam which are about 500-1,000 years old. Admire 120 year-old ancient fabrics, Sin Mai Khamgolden silk skirt-from the Mandalay, the golden



Oub Kham Museum

throne, king's golden costumes and silver ornaments. A golden bowl used by royals, is a masterpiece. All of those shown the glory of the kingdom in the past. It opens daily from 08.00 a.m.- 06.00 p.m. Admission for adults is 300 Baht and for children 100 Baht. Tel. 0 5371 3349 www.oubkhammuseum.com

Mae Fah Luang Art and Cultural Park (Rai Mae Fah Luang) (อุทยานศิลปวัฒนธรรม แม่ฟ้าหลวง)

is situated one kilometer from the Oub Kham Museum There are important architectural buildings. Ho Kham is a teak building where ancient wood-carved candle holders are exhibited, and Phra Phrato, an ancient wooden Buddha image of the Lanna period is housed. Ho Kham Noi keeps the so-called Wiang Ta mural paintings from Wat Pa Wiang Ta in Phrae. Many

plants found in the park area are of fragrant varieties and rare species. There is also a bronze statue of HRH the Princess Mother sculptured by Khun Misiem Yipinsoi. Furthermore, an open museum is available for a temporary display of artworks and other functions. Initially, the park area was used for Wai Sa Mae Fah Luang, a ceremony to pay homage to HRH the Princess Mother. The park is open on Tuesday to Sunday from 08.00 a.m. - 04.30 p.m. Admission is 200 Baht. For further details, Tel. 0 5371 6605-7, Fax: 0 5371 2429 www.maefahluang.org

Hilltribe Museum (พิพิธภัณฑ์ชาวเขา)

is located on Thanalai Road. Operated by the Population and Community Development Association - Chiang Rai Branch, the museum provides a slide presentation on ways of living and displays articles, tools, utensils, and tribal attire. It also gathers interesting information on six major hilltribes of Thailand: Akha, Lisu, Karen, Muser, Yao, and Hmong. It is open on Monday-Friday from 09.00 a.m. - 06.00 p.m. Admission is 50 Baht. For more information, contact Tel. 0.5374 0088

Bo Namphu Ron Pha Soet (บ่อน้ำร้อนผาเสริจ)

is a hot spring well located 20 kilometers from the town of Chiang Rai. Eleven rooms are available for soaking and taking a spring bath. Besides, there is an open-air pool for soaking, traditional massage, and a campsite. A mineral water bath is priced at 50-120 Baht, and 30 Baht for an open-air bath. For more details, contact Tel. 08 2388 9075. 08 3579 7046

To get there: Take Na Khai Road toward the Den Ha Intersection.

Namphu Ron Pong Phrabat (น้ำพุรัอนโป่ง พระบาท)

is a hot spring not far from town. There are 17 rooms for soaking or taking a bath at the price of 50 Baht per person. It is operated by the Ban Du Sub-district Administration Organisation, Tel. 0 5370 3262. In the same area, there is also Namtok Pong Phrabat, a waterfall situated in the Lamnam Kok National Park. It features rapids with small slopes and cascades in layers amidst a shady ambience. Natural surroundings of beautiful plants make it suitable for a recreational place and admiration of the beauty of nature.

To get there: Follow Phahonyothin Road for around 7 kilometers and at Kilometers 836-837, turn left into the lane beside the Ban Du Market for another 3 kilometers.



Hilltrihe Museum

King Rama IX Footprint Pavilion (ศาลารอย พระบาท รัชกาลที่ ๙)

This pavilion is where people study the history of the battle between the Royal Thai Army and the defunct Communist Party of Thailand at Doi Yao - Doi Pha Mon, Amphoe Khun Tan. The 473rd Infantry Battalion gained victory by taking over Hill 1188 on Doi Phaya Phiphak. On 27 February, 1982, His Majesty King Bhumibol Adulyadej together with Her Majesty Queen Sirikit visited the army base and the local people at Phaya Phiphak Base on Doi Yao. On that auspicious occasion, His Majesty King Bhumibol gave his footprint stamp on the plaster as morale for his soldiers. To celebrate the auspicious occasion of the 80th Birthday Anniversary of His Majesty the King on 5th December, 2007, these footprints were installed in the Pavilion in front of Meng Rai Maharai Military Camp and in the hall on Doi Yot. It is open daily from 08.30 a.m. - 04.30 p.m. For more details, contact Tel. 0 5371 1205.

Wat Ming Mueang (วัดมิ่งเมือง)

is located at the intersection of Trai Rat and Banpha prakan Roads or Khua Dam Intersection. It was originally, a Shan temple called Wat Ngiao



Chiang Rai Clock Tower

or locally called Wat Chang Mup meaning The Temple of Crouching Elephants. Among the historical attractions and artefacts are the gorgeous gilded wooden wihan in Shan and Lanna designs - the only one left in Chiang Rai. The inner ceiling decoration features the Tribhumikatha – Three Sphers – story and swan roof ridge decorations. Enshrined here is the principal Buddha statue in the Chiang Saen Sing 1 style Luangpho Phra Si Ming Mueang a 400 year-old gilded stucco Buddha image with a lap of 80 inches wide. Located in front is the ancient pond Bo Nam Chang Mup featuring an arch adorned with a statue of a crouching elephant facing east. At the back is the Lanna style chedi - Phrathat Ming Mueang - enshrining the Lord Buddha's relics - adorned with a golden umbrella in the Burmese art.

Chiang Rai Clock Tower (หอนาฬิกาเฉลิมพระ เกียรติฯ)

is located in the traffic circle of Banpha Prakan Road, Suk Sathit Road, and Chet Yot Road. With the support of the Chiang Rai Municipality and designed by Achan Chalermchai Kositpipat – a National Artist – this is one of the most beautiful clock towers in Thailand that was built in 2005 to honour Her Majesty Queen Sirikit. There is a 5 minutes light and sound display at this golden clock tower every night at 07.00 p.m., 08.00 p.m. and 09.00 p.m.

Chiang Rai Night Bazaar (เชียงรายในท์บาซาร์)

Located on Phahonyothin Road and adjacent to the Chiang Rai Bus Terminal 1, the Chiang Rai Night Bazzaar is a market place for souvenirs and local products from many hilltribes. Visitors will find clothes, jewellery, bags, hand-embroidered products, as well as, wooden home decorations. In addition, restaurants and cultural performances; such as graceful gestrues of Thai classical dances and the fun Northern Tha string ensemble of Salo So Sueng are available.

Suan Tung Lae Khom Chiang Rai Park (สวนตุงและโคมนครเขียงราย)

Located on Thanalai Road (opposite the Hill Tribe Museum), this park was previously a 100-year-old female prison. When it was relocated, the Chiang Rai Municipality functionally transformed this landscape into activity and knowledge areas like constructing jogging paths, pavements, a rock garden, pavilion, and playground, as well as, a former female jailhouse into an exhibition building housing traditional costumes of 30 different ethnic

groups living in Chiang Rai – Lue Chiang Rung, Lahu, Chinese, Lua, Haw, Tai Yong, Lue Chiang Kham, Karen, Laotian, Akha, Lue Huai Meng, etc. In addition, there are displays of Tung or traditional flags used in various rituals. They are made from different materials; such as, fabric, mulberry paper, coloured paper, crafted wood, gold, brass, iron, zinc, lead, tin, etc. It is open from 08.30 a.m. - 04.30 p.m. For more details, contact the Department of Education, Chiang Rai Municipality Tel. 0 5371 1333.

Baandam Museum (พิพิธภัณฑ์บ้านดำ)

Located at 414, Mu 13, Tambon Nang Lae. Covering over 100 rai, it comprises more than 25 buildings of pure and applied northern architectural styles. Belonging to the Thai National Visual Artist Thawan Duchanee, Baandam Museum exhibits folk art of local artists from the past to the present together with a large collection of rare folk appliances



Suan Tung Lae Khom Chiang Tai Park

from the old days. Most of the buildings are in black and elaborately decorated with woodcarvings and animal horns like buffaloes, antlers, as well as elephant bones, etc.

To get there: From the provincial city of Chiang Rai, take the Chiang Rai - Mae Chan Road for 10 kilometers, pass the Chiang Rai Rajabhat University, and about 100 meters from the Serm Suk Company. Then, turn left at the sign, Soi 1, the entrance to Ban Mae Pu Kha, Mu 13, for about 200 meters. The Museum is on the left-hand side. Opens daily from 09.00 a.m. - 05.00 p.m. (Closed at 12.00 – 01.00 p.m.). A letter is required for group visitors in advance. For more details, Tel. 0 5377 6333, 08 3336 5333 www.thawan-duchanee.com

Doy Din Dang Pottery (เครื่องปั้นดินเผาดอย ดินแดง)

is the hand-made products of the pottery factory using local raw materials and labour. The works are designed by Khun Somluk Pantiboon, an experienced artist. There are two types of works displayed at the exhibition room; pottery pieces that are used in daily life and contemporary works of creativity. It is open on Monday to Saturday from 08.00 a.m. – 05.00 p.m. Tel. 0 5370 5291, Fax: 0 5370 6128 www.dddpottery.com

9-storey Pagoda/Wat Huai Pla Kang (พระ มหาเจดีย์ ๙ ขั้น วัดห้วยปลากั้ง)

Resided here is the crafted sandalwood Bodhisattva Goddess Statue of Guan Yin. Each storey of the pagoda boasts the principal Buddha statues.

To get there: From the provincial city of Chiang Rai, pass the King Mengrai the Great intersection,



Doy Din Dang Pottery

cross the Kok River Bridge, turn left at the road junction, head to Ban Mai of Tambon Rim Kok, finally, head for Tambon Mae Yao, a distance of 5 kilometers. The temple is on the right side.

Wat Doi Insi (วัดดอยอินทรีย์)

is located at Ban Huai Kit, Tambon Doi. Enshrined in this temple is the Buddha statue in the attitude of meditation, in which its lap span's dimension measures 10.09 meters in width and 15.10 meters in height. There is also a chedi situated on a base measuring 13x13 meters in width and 10 meters in height. Visitors can enjoy captivating 180-degree views of Chiang Rai from here.

Amphoe Chiang Khong

Buck Pier (ท่าเรือบั๊ค)

is a permanent border checkpoint between Lao PDR. and Thailand on the bank of the Mekong River. Views of Huai Sai, a town in Bo Kaeo Province, Lao PDR., can be seen from here. To cross the border, foreign visitors can apply for a visa from the Embassy or the Lao Immigration Office (It is open daily from 08.00 a.m. - 06.00 p.m.). A river cruise service is available here. It takes visitors to Luang Prabang in Lao PDR., and resumes to Thailand in Nong Khai. For more information, contact the Chiang Khong Immigration Office at Tel. 0 5379 1663, 0 5379 1332

Ban Hat Bai (บ้านหาดบ้าย)

is situated on the Chiang Saen - Chiang Khong Route along the Mekong River. It is a village of the Thai Lue, a minor ethnic group who has interesting and graceful traditions, and especially their skill on weaving local cloth which is famous. From Amphoe Chiang Khong, visitors can take a long-tailed boat ride to Ban Hat Bai from the Buck Pier. On a one-hour river trip, visitors will also see nice views along the banks of the Mekong River.

Amphoe Chiang Saen

Chiang Saen National Museum (พิพิธภัณฑสถานแห่งชาติเชียงแสน)

is where knowledge can be sought concerning archaeology, settlements and history of the town. There are replicas of the community and scores of ancient relics including Lanna-style sculptures, Buddha statues and inscription stones from Phayao and Chiang Saen itself. In



Hilltrihe Museum

addition, there are exhibitions of indigenous art objects of the Thai Yai (ไทยใหญ่), Thai Lue (ไทยลื้อ) and other hilltribes. These items include musical instruments, ornaments, opium-smoking accessories, etc. Open Wednesday-Sunday from 08.30 a.m. - 04.30 a.m. Admission fee is 100 baht. Tel. 0 5377 7102 www.thailandmuseum.com

Wat Phra Chao Lan Thong (วัดพระเจ้าล้าน ทอง)

is located within the city wall, built by Prince Thong Ngua, a son of King Tilokkarat, the 12th ruler of Lanna, in 1489. A 1,200-kilogram Buddha statue was cast, a lap 2 meters width and over 3 meters height, named "Phra Chao Lan Thong". Another Buddha statue called "Phra Chao Thong Thip" was also cast which is made of brass in Sukhothai style.

Wat Pa Sak (โบราณสถานวัดป่าสัก)

Situated just 1 kilometer from Amphoe Chiang Saen, Tambon Wiang, this temple was built in 1295 by Phrachao Saen Phu. He had 300 teak trees planted around the temple compound hence the name Pa Sak (Teak Forest) and appointed Phra Phuttha Khosachan as the



Wat Pa Sak

supreme patriarch. The most prominent attraction sees the main Mondop-shaped chedi with a bell spire and ornamental stucco motifs containing the Buddha's relics – the right astragalus bone from Patna.

Wat Phrathat Pha Ngao (วัดพระธาตุผาเงา).

The current wihan was built over the old ruins. Wat Phrathat Pha Ngao houses a relatively small bell-shaped pagoda on a big boulder. In 1976, a Buddha image Luangpho Pha Ngao presumably 700 - 1300 years old was excavated. It is assumed that this was the principal temple of the Yonok Kingdometers This hilltop temple



Phrathat Pha Ngao

offers a spectacular view and behind it lays Phra Borommathat Phuttha Nimit Chedi. About a kilometer up the hill is the site of another ruined temple Wat Chedi Chet Yot. We can say that Wat Phrathat Pha Ngao and Wat Chedi Chet Yot are on the same hill. Its spacious and serene compound is ideal for practicing meditation. The 2-storey wooden Lanna Chiang Saen Textiles Museum is in front of Wat



Wat Phrathat Chom Kitti

Phrathat Pha Ngao. The spacious common area downstairs serves as a weaving unit for the Ban Sop Kham housewives groups. Upstairs are displays of antique fabrics and utensils like weaving equipment, crockery, and artefacts discovered within the temple and village.

To get there: This temple/Dharma center is located 4 kilometers from Amphoe Chiang Saen, along the Chiang Saen – Chiang Khong road, opposite Sop Kham School

Wat Phrathat Chom Kitti (วัดพระธาตุจอมกิตติ)

in Tambon Wiang is situated on the riverside Chiang Saen - Chiang Khong Road. Legend has it that in 940, Phrachao Phangkharat built Wat Phrathat Chom Kitti alongside Wat Chom Thong as a site for the Buddha's relics. The Chiang Saen-style redented chedi was restored by Phrachao Suwan Kham Lan.

Chiang Saen Lake (ทะเลสาบเขียงแสน)

is a large natural reservoir with scenic surroundings. Large flocks of waterfowls immigrate to the site during winter.

To get there: Located 5 kilometers on Highway no.1016, the Chiang Saen-Mae Chan route, then turn left at kilometers 26 proceed on for another 2 kilometers to reach the site. For more information, Tel. 08 1764 4990

Golden Triangle (สามเหลี่ยมทองคำ)

is about 9 kilometers from the Chiang Saen old town to the north along the road parallel to the Mekong River. The area is locally called "Sop Ruak" where the Mae Khong meets the Ruak River and also where the borders of three countries, Laos, Myanmar and Thailand, meet together. There are remains of many ancient places and structures attesting to the area having been settled by people in the past. In addition, boats can be hired to view scenery around the golden triangle from Sop Ruak along the Mekong River to Chiang Saen and Chiang Khong which takes around 40 minutes and 1.30 hours respectively. Contact Nava Luk Luang, Tel. 053652076 Rua Hiran Nakhon, Tel. 053784021-2 Tha Siwan Pier, 400 Baht per boat (5 people), 08.00 a.m. - 06.00 p.m. around the Golden Triangle to Talat Klang of Lao PDR. The journey takes 1 hour, Tel. 0 5378 4101.



Golden Triangle

Phra Phutthanawalantue (พระพุทธนวล้านตื้อ)

is located in the Golden Triangle area. This is a giant bronze Buddha statue weighing more than 69 tons, being 15.99 meters high, having a lap width of 9.99 meters, and sitting on a large boat called Ruea Kaeo Kuson Tham. The image is flanked by the flags in honour of Their Majesties the King and Queen.

The Hall of Opium, Golden Triangle Park (หอฝั่นจูทยานสามเหลี่ยมทองคำ)

is 9 kilometers northwest of Chiang Saen. This place exhibits the history of opium in the Golden Triangle, its origin, opium war when people lived on opium planting and smoking, as well as the recovery of the people who lived here. Visitors can learn this history and the problems caused by narcotics through EDUTAINMENT. It opens on Tuesdays – Sundays



Phra Phutthanawalantue





The Hall of Opium, Golden Triangle Park

at 08.30 a.m. –04.00 p.m. Admission Fee: 200 baht. For more details, Tel. 0 5378 4444-6 www. maefahluang.org

House of Opium (พิพิธภัณฑ์บ้านฝิ่น)

A privately owned museum located at 221 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang, 2 Kilometers from the Golden Triangle, on the way to Doi Sa-ngoa. It exhibits the history of the opium trade and consumption in the Golden Triangle, which was introduced by the hill tribe's immigrants from southern China. The museum also displays the hill tribe's lifestyle following a 12-month cycle, poppy cultivation, opium trade in the area, drug trafficking in the Golden Triangle region, and Khun Sa (Zhang Qifu). The indigenous issue and Golden Triangle are the main emphasis of this museum, in which it also exhibits the wooden model saddle, drug-trafficking route from

southern China to northern Thailand, simulation and models of hill tribe people smoking opium inside a structure resembling a hut with thatch or straw roof, as well as, danger of drugs and life on the Mekong River. Open daily from 07.00 a.m. - 07.00 p.m. Admission is 50 Baht each. For more details, Tel. 0 5378 4060 Fax: 0 5378 4062

Phrathat Pu Khao (พระธาตุปูเข้า)

is an ancient place on Doi Chiang Mieang by the mouth of the Ruak River. It was built in 759 during the reign of Phraya Laokaokaeomamueang, the second King of Wiang Hirannakhonngoenyang. The remains consist of Phra Wihan (image hall) and a group of ruined brick pagodas with a trace of stucco motifs. There is a Buddha image that is used for fortune telling. Besides, Doi Chiang Miang is also a viewpoint overlooking clear vistas of the Golden Triangle.

To get there: Take the Chiang Saen - Sop Ruak Route and turn left shortly before reaching the Golden Triangle. Then, drive on to the hilltop, or walk up the stairs.

Ban Mai Thai Chaloem Phra Kiat Ban San That (หมู่บ้านไหมไทยเฉลิมพระเกียรติบ้านสันธาตุ)

is located at Mu 14, Tambon Yonok. The idea of this village is basically to promote and preserve sericulture in honour of H.M. Queen Sirikit making it a household and community-based industry providing employment to farmers. In addition, development of agro-tourism and a one-stop spot for sericulture are the emphasis here. Mudmi silk fabric is mostly produced in this village, Tel. 08 6937 9193

Amphoe Doi Luang

Phra Mahathat Chedi Kao Mongkhon Nuea Sut Siam (พระมหาธาตุเจดีย์เก้ามงคลเหนือ สุดสยาม)

is located at the foothill of Wat Aranya Wiwek, Ban Pa Lan, Tambon Pong Noi. They were built on 17 January, 2006, to celebrate the 60th Anniversary Celebrations of H.M. King Bhumibol Adulyadej's Accession to the Throne, as well as, to signify good blessings for the Thais during his reign. The large pagoda is 9 meters in diameter with a height of 19 meters, while the small one is 2 x 9 meters. There are 9 pagodas altogether, Tel. 0 5391 8241, 08 9999 3644

Amphoe Khun Tan

Doi Phaya Phiphak or Phu Long Thang (ดอยพญาพิภักดิ์ หรือ ภูหลงถัง)

is 6 kilometers from the Thoeng - Khun Tan - Chiang Khong Road. It features a high hill overlooking the views of 4 districts: Amphoe

Phaya Mengrai, Amphoe Khun Tan, Amphoe Wiang Kaen, and Amphoe Thoeng. The hilltop of Phu Chi Fa can be clearly seen here since it is around 18 kilometers away. In the past, this hill was a strategic point for a battle between the government and the Communist insurgents. On February 27, 1982, His Majesty the King visited the hill. Later, the battle ended. Phu Long Thang has a beautiful landscape, culture, and temperate plants. For more information, contact Tel. 0 5379 7666, 0 5379 7988.

Amphoe Mae Chan

Wat Tham Pa Acha Thong (สำนักปฏิบัติธรรม ถ้ำป่าอาชาทอง)

or known as the temple where the monks ride horses to go on their alms round in the morning. It is located in Tambon Si Kham on a remote high hill. Phra Khruba Nueachai, the abbot, who is a former cavalryman, therefore, allows the monks and novices to use a horse as a vehicle to go on the morning alms round, which begins around 07.00 a.m., to the village of Si Muen Rai, covering a total distance of around 5 kilometers.

To get there: Take Highway No. 1 (Chiang Rai-Mae Sai Route) for about 29 kilometers, and pass Amphoe Mae Chan for about 4-5 kilometers. Then, turn into a lane off the main road, beside Wat Mae Kham Luang, and follow the direction signs all the way to Wat Tham Pa Acha Thong for around 5-7 kilometers. The road from the bridge to Lan Phra Kaeo (the ground for alms taking) is around 2 kilometers long and accessible by car. The views along the roadsides are refreshing. For further details, contact the Si Kham Sub-district Administration Organisation at Tel. 0 5366 5073.

Namphu Ron Pa Tueng or Namphu Ron Huai Hin Fon (Chanpha Ap Namrae) (น้ำพุ ร้อนป่าตึงหรือน้ำพุร้อนห้วยหินฝน)

is located in Tambon Pa Tueng on an area of nearly 10 rai. There are many hot spring wells. Some springs can gush as high as 7 meters Hot water continues to flow regularly. Seven small rooms and 2 common rooms are available for soaking at the price of 100 Baht per person. For further details, contact Tel. 08 1992 1472.

To get there: From the Mae Chan T-junction, follow Highway 1089 (Mae Chan - Tha Ton) for around 7 kilometers.

Museum of Buddha Images (พิพิธภัณฑ์พระ)

is located 6 kilometers from town on the Mae Chan - Chiang Saen Road. Gathered here are top ancient images, amulets of all past periods; such as, Dvaravati, Chiang Saen, Sukhothai, U Thong, Lop Buri, and Ayutthaya, and many sacred objects from overseas. It is open daily from 09.00 a.m. - 04.30 p.m. Admission is 200 Baht for adults and 50 Baht for children. For more information, contact Tel. 0 5365 3038, 0 5365 3040, Fax: 0 5365 3039.

Wat Muen Phut (วัดหมื่นพุทธ)

is a temple located in Ban Pa Rai, Tambon Tha Khao Plueak. The temple houses Phra Sangkhachai, the world's largest happy Buddha, measuring 15X19 meters The statue built in Nanjing, the People's Republic of China, consists of separable brass parts.

To get there: From the town of Chiang Rai, take the Chiang Rai - Mae Chan Road for 11 kilometers, and then turn right to follow Highway 1209 for another 29 kilometers. For further details, Tel. 0 5376 7040.



Namphu Ron Pa Tueng or Namphu Ron Huai Hin Fon (Chanpha Ap Namrae)

Wat Phrathat Chom Chan (วัดพระธาตุจอม จันทร์)

is located in Tambon San Sai. The temple was constructed by Khruba Thip in 1915. One night in a dream, he saw a beam of light rising toward the sky and green lights glittering over a hill for a while. Next morning, he went to explore the hill and found that it was a good place with a surrounding ditch and no parts of it connecting to any other hills around the area. Thus, he invited the villagers to jointly build a chedi (pagoda).



Wat Phrathat Chom Chan

In 1925, monk's cells, a Wihan (image hall), and a Sala (pavilion) were constructed, and the temple was named Wat Phrathat Chom Chan. The temple had dwelling monks until 1937 when a forest fire burned down the pavilion and monk's cells, leaving only the image hall and the chedi. Therefore, the faithful villagers built a new temple on the lower ground, 300 meters away from the old site. Since then the temple was deserted until 1999, when it has been renovated. For further details, Tel. 0 5315 3640

Ban Lo Cha (บ้านหล่อชา)

They migrated from southern China and have settled in the northern part of Thailand for more than 100 years. The Akha or also known in Thai as the Iko still preserve their indigenous lifestyle and traditions, which visitors can enjoy; such as, the swing ceremony (Lo Chingcha), New Year's Day (Pi Mai Khai Daeng), hunting with handmade equipment, animal husbandry, textile weaving, sewing, and smithing. Ban Lo Cha is one of the community-based cultural tourism villages supported by the Population and Community Development Association (PDA-Chiang Rai). This village was the winner of the 7th Thailand Tourism Awards in 2008 in the culture category. The admission fee is 50 Baht/person.

To get there: It is on Tha Ton – Mae Chan Road. From Lan Thong Village, turn left onto Highway No. 1089, Mae Chan - Tha Ton, Kio Sa Tai T-junction, between Kilometers. No. 54 - 55, pass the police kiosk, and this Akha hill tribe village is on the left-hand side. For more details, contact Tel/Fax. 0 5374 0088, 08 7180 0031.

Amphoe Mae Fa Luang

Doi Mae Salong (ดอยแม่สลอง)

is the location of the village of Santi Khiri which was formerly named Ban Mae Salong Nok. It is a community of Burmese migrants from Division 93 in Myanmar. Two battalions have migrated from Myanmar to Thailand since 1961: the 3rd Battalion to stay in Amphoe Fang, Chiang Mai, and the 5th Battalion to settle in Ban Mae Salong Nok. From December to February, whitish pink cherry blossoms or Dok Nang Phaya Suea Khrong (Prunus cerasoides D. Don) which is the

smallest variety of Sakura (Rosaceae) are in full bloom along the way up to Doi Mae Salong. It is a species rarely found in Thailand because it grows naturally in a very cold climate.

How to get there: By Car - 2 routes

Route 1 (new route): From the provincial city of Chiang Rai, take the Chiang Rai - Mae Chan route for 29 kilometers. Then, turn left onto Highway No. 1089 (Mae Chan - Tha Ton) at Kilometers 856 before reaching the main entrance of Amphoe Mae Chan, passing the Pa Tueng hot spring, Lan Thong Village, the distance is 31 kilometers. At kilometers 55, turn right and follow the winding mountain path up for 13 kilometers, a total distance of 73 kilometers.

Route 2 (old route): From the provincial city of Chiang Rai, the Chiang Rai - Mae Chan route takes you through Amphoe Mae Chan for a distance of 1 kilometer. Turn left and follow the signs to Doi Mae Salong. This path is quite narrow and winding about 23 kilometers through Ban Pha Duea – a stop for hill-tribe handicrafts, and then Ban Pa Miang. At kilometers 10, turn left onto Highway No. 1234 at the T-junction of the Hill-tribe Development and Welfare Centre (distance of 25 kilometers), and via Ban Iko Sam Yaek. At kilometers 9, take a left turn for another 12 kilometers (right turn takes you to Ban Thoet Thai). Hence, the total distance of asphalt road from Chiang Rai is 64 kilometers. From Doi Mae Salong a road leads to Tha Ton, Amphoe Fang of Chiang Mai province, a distance of 45 kilometers.

Attractions on Doi Mae Salong:

Phrathat Chedi Srinagarindra Sathit Maha Santi Khiri (พระธาตุเจดีย์ศรีนครินทราสถิตมหาสันติคีรี)

A modern Lanna style chedi, located atop a hill



Dok Nang Phaya Suea Khrong

at an elevation of 1,500 meters above Ban Santi Khiri and Wat Santi Khiri, was built in honour of the late Princess Mother, Princess Srinagarindra in 1996. It features a height of 30 meters on a tiered rectangular base, adorned with grey tiles, the indented square base has three niches on each of the 4 sides with the relic chamber featuring standing Buddha images on four sides, and the bell on top is adorned with crafted golden plates. Visitors can enjoy the panoramic view especially at dusk from up here. This chedi that is elegantly visible from afar marks an important symbol of Doi Mae Salong.





Built to commemorate the 93rd Division of the anti-communist Kuomintang (KMT), who in 1971 assisted the Thai Government combat operation against Communist insurgents in Doi Luang, Doi Yao, and Doi Pha Mon of Chiang Rai Province, as well as, in Khao Ya of Phetchabun Province in 1981. A number of these soldiers were killed, wounded, and crippled. The Museum exhibits the history of their struggle and settlements, along with the development of the Mae Salong community. Visitors will also enjoy the library's collection of historical



Chinese Martyrs' Memorial Museum

information and valuable photos. Open daily from 08.00 a.m. – 05.00 p.m. Admission fee is 20 Baht, Tel. 0 5376 5180.

General Tuan Xi-Wen Mausoleum (สุสานนายพล ด้วน ซี เหวิน)

General Tuan Xi-Wen is the general commander of the 5th Infantry Division, anti-communist Kuomintang (KMT) 93rd Division forces, and key founder of the Chinese community of Doi Mae Salong. He assisted in developing the area in which stimulated the residents' well-being and is much revered by both Chinese in Thailand and abroad coming to pay respect all year round. The Mausoleum is located at the back of the Khum Nai Phon Resort, just 700 meters from the main road of Ban Santi Khiri.

Activities on Doi Mae Salong:

- Visit a tea plantation and learn tea production methods. Tea is a community crop grown on Doi Mae Salong in thousands of acres. Here is a tea plantation, tea processing factory and tea shops lined up on the main road through the village, where visitors will enjoy buying tea and accessories. Oolong tea of Doi Mae Salong



Suan Mae Fa Luang

is famous for its fragrance and taste - similar to the original from Taiwan. Anyone interested can visit a tea plantation and try plucking as well. Appointments must be made in advance; Chok Chamroen Plantation and Tea Factory, Tel. 0 5376 5114/ Wang Phut Tan, Tel. 0 5376 5094/ Rai Cha 101, Tel. 0 5360 7500, 08 6912 1805.

- In the morning, enjoy sightseeing and shopping in the market of Ban Santi Khiri for a variety of traditional products, temperate vegetables and fruits, as well as, see hill tribes with varying indigenous decent.
- Enjoy a scenic horseback ride around Ban Chiang Cha Sai. Experience the lifestyle and culture of seven tribes, including Chinese, Shan, Akha, Lahu, Lisu, Mien, and Luo. Visitors can learn the history and understand how

indigenous knowledge is particularly important to environmental management. See a variety of occupations like agriculture and community-based tourism. Accommodation here is homestay and camping. Contact the community coordination centre, Tel. 0 5360 7941, 08 5038 6362, Mae Salong Nok Sub-district Administration Organisation, Tel. 0 5376 5129, Fax. 0 5376 5409 www.maesalongnok.go.th.

Ban Thoet Thai (บ้านเทอดไทย)

was initially called "Ban Hin Taek". It is located 66 kilometers from the town of Chiang Rai. In 1968, Khun Sa as the leader of the Army of the Tai Nation used the area as his stronghold. The word "Khun" was commonly used by the people of Shan State to refer to a person of their respect, but the world knew him by the

name of "King of Heroin". During 1976 to 1982, Khun Sa used Ban Hin Taek as his permanent stronghold and did illegal business. Finally, the Thai government forced them out of the Thai territory. At present, the remains of the past can be seen; such as, the house that was used by Khun Sa as the command centre. In addition, Ban Thoet Thai is home to communities of many ethnic groups of hilltribe people who can be seen in the morning market.

Phra Tamnak Doi Tung (พระตำหนักดอยตุง)

was once a palace of HRH Princess Srinagarindra, the Princess Mother. It features a combination of the Lanna form of art and the Swiss-style chalet. The building is decorated with woodcarvings by Northern craftsmen in various designs on its Kalae (northern-style gable), Choengchai (eave board), and window frames. Around the palace lie gardens of various flowers with many colours, which provide beauty and freshness, especially in the cold season when mist can be seen slightly covering the surrounding hilltops. Officials lead a tour of 20 minutes each round. It is open daily from 07.00 a.m. - 05.30 p.m. Admission is 90 Baht.

Suan Mae Fa Luang is situated in front of the palace on an area of around 10 rai. It is a garden of temperate flowers; such as, salvia, petunia, begonia, roses, Dok Lamphong (thorn apple), as well as more than 70 species of auspicious plants, perennial trees, and creepers. There is also the Sculpture of Continuity by Khun Misium Yipinsoi. The garden is open daily from 06.30 a.m. - 06.00 p.m. Admission is 90 Baht.

The Hall of Inspiration is a building where the life story of HRH the Princess Mother and the royal family is on display. There are 7 exhibition

rooms. It is open daily from 08.00 a.m. – 05.00 p.m. Admission is 50 Baht.

Furthermore, a shop offers souvenirs, silk clothes, as well as products of the Royal Project including flowers, fruits, vegetables, and saplings of various plants.

Doi Chang Mup Stupa and Mae Fa Luang Arboretum (สถูปดอยข้างมูบและสวนรุกขชาติแม่ฟ้าหลวง)

on Doi Chang Mup are situated on the Phrathat Doi Tung - Ban Pha Mi Road, around 4 kilometers from the Wat Noi Doi Tung Junction. Here is the highest viewpoint of Doi Tung. The Chang Mup Stupa is a small pagoda on a large rock that looks like a prostrating elephant. There are surrounding pine trees and giant banyan trees which are grown to preserve the soil and watershed. Visitors can see Kulap Phan Pi (rhododendron) from different continents inside the arboretum. Admission is 90 Baht.

A package price for visiting 4 places including Doi Tung Palace, Suan Mae Fah Luang, Hall of Inspiration, and Mae Fah Luang Arboretum is 220 Baht. Students, senior citizens aged 60 years and over, monks, and persons with disabilities, are eligible to pay 110 Baht. The ticket counter opens at 06.30 a.m. – 06.00 p.m. Contact the tourist information centre, Tel. 0 5376 7015 – 7 ext. 2230, 2413 www.doitung.org

Phrathat Doi Tung (พระธาตุดอยตุง)

is located at Kilometers 17.5 on Highway 1149. The Lord Buddha's left collarbone relics brought from Madhya Pradesh, India, have been enshrined here. It was the first time that the Lankavamsa or Theravada Buddhism was founded in Lanna Thai. In the construction of the relic stupa, a one-thousand-wa long Takhap flag (or Tung in local dialect) was planted on

the hilltop, and the stupa base was designated from the area as far as the flag flied. Thus, the hilltop where the first stupa of Lanna Thai was established was named Doi Tung. Phrathat Doi Tung is an important sacred place. During the homage paying festival, there are Buddhist worshippers both Thais and people from neighbouring countries; such as, the people of Chiang Tung in Shan State, Myanmar, the people of Luang Prabang and Vientiane, Lao PDR., etc. For further details, contact Tel. 0 5376 7061.

Wat Wiang Kham or Ka Khao (วัดเวียงคำ/กาขาว)

in Ban Thoet Thai is where the bronze Buddha image Phra Song Chai Rattana Phalang Phaendin is enshrined. The temple of Wat Wiang Kham was built in 2006 and serves as a utopian landmark that unites all ethnicties without discrimination of creed or religion. Within the temple compound comprises the Building of Phra Song Chai Rattana Phalang Phaendin. The dimension of the lap span of this huge bronze Buddha image in the attitude of giving the first sermon in the first sermon in the Gandhara art measures 8 meters in width and 10 meters in height. The lotus base that the Buddha image sits on is 2 meters high. Visitors will also see the official emblem of the 60th Anniversary Celebrations on the Auspicious Occasion of His Majesty's Accession to the Throne. In addition, the compound of Ming Mongkhon Sam Phop represents the kingdom and a statue of Bodhisattva Maitreya Phra Si Ariya Rattana Praphatson- supported by a lotus base is also enshrined here. Under this lotus base features the footprints and hand prints of the Lord Buddha's Mother and the image of Phra Uppakhut. There are 9 pavilions known as Sala Lokuttara enshrining many sacred Buddha

images and deities, Tel. 08 4607 4025, 08 0429 8828

Amphoe Mae Lao

Mae Lao Wildlife Breeding and Research Centre (สถานีเพาะเลี้ยงสัตว์ป่าแม่อาว)

Enter this 1.093 rai centre via the intersection of Mu 10 of Ban Nong Phak Hueat or Ban Huai San Phlapphla, Tambon Chom Mok Kaeo, Amphoe Mae Lao, 20 kilometers from the provincial city of Chiang Rai. Formerly, it was managed by the Doi Tung Wildlife Breeding and Research Centre with the limited area of mountainous surroundings covering 149 rai. It was difficult to provide grass for the deer family. As a result, the area at the Mae San Watershed Management Unit was chosen as a new centre. There are currently many species of wildlife; such as. Sambar deer, barking deer, clouded leopard, fishing cat, Asiatic black bear, bear cat, palm civet, peacock, domestic fowl, python, Indian python, elongated tortoise, etc. Open daily from 08.30 a.m. - 04.30 p.m. For more details, Tel. 08 1882 4404, 08 9999 8816.

Amphoe Mae Sai

About 61 kilometers from the province on Highway No. 110 is Thailand's northern-most district. Mae Sai, borders on Myanmar's Tha Khi Lek marked by the Mae Sai River with a bridge spanning both sides. Foreign visitors are allowed to cross over to the Tha Khi Lek market by presenting their passports and paying a fee at the Mae Sai immigration checkpoint. For more details, Tel. 0 5373 1008

Phrathat Doi Wao (พระธาตุดอยเวา)

is situated in Mu 1, Tambon Mae Sai, on the hill by the bank of the Mae Sai River. According to history, King Wao of Nakhon



Phrathat Doi Wao

Nakkhaphan Yonok built this pagoda in 179 BC to contain the Lord Buddha's hair relics. It is a great ancient pagoda second to Phra Borommathat Doi Tung. For further details, contact Tel. 0 5373 1527.

Tham Pha Chom (ถ้ำผาจม)

is located in Mu 1, Tambon Mae Sai, around 1.5 kilometers to the north of Amphoe Mae Sai. This cave sits on another hill to the west of Doi Wao, next to the Mae Sai River. It was a meditation place for monks; such as, Phra Achan Man Phurithatto,

a famous Buddhist monk master. Now, there is a statue of the monk master on the hill. Inside the cave, there are beautiful stalactites and stalagmites on the wall and ceiling.

Tham Pum, Tham Pla, and Tham Sao Hin Phayanak (ถ้ำปุ่ม ถ้ำปลา ถ้ำเสาหินพญานาค)

are three caves located on Doi Chong in Mu 11, Tambon Pong Pha. Doi Chong is a limestone mountain that comprises caves of stalactites and stalagmites, as well as many streams of water.

Tham Pum (ถ้ำปุ่ม)

is a cave situated on the hilltop. Visitors need a guide to climb up to this very dark cave.

Tham Pla (ถ้ำปลา)

is a cave with water flowing inside. Fish, both small and large, can be seen swimming here. The cave inside houses a Burmese-style Buddha image which was built by a Burmese Buddhist monk. The image is commonly called "Phra Song Khrueang", and is revered by the people around the area.

Tham Sao Hin Phayanak (ถ้ำเสาหินพญานาค)

is another cave located within the same area. Initially, visitors must take a boat to see the cave. Later, a 150 meters long walking path was constructed to link this cave with Tham Pla. Inside the cave, there are stalactites and stalagmites. The cave also serves as a place for Dharma practice.

To get there: From Amphoe Mae Sai, follow Highway 110 to the south for around 12 kilometers, and take a turn to the lane off the main road for about 2 kilometers.

Tham Luang - Khun Nam Nang Non Forest Park (วนอุทยานถ้ำหลวง-ขุนน้ำนางนอน) consists of 2 tourist service offices:

1.Tham Luang Forest Park Office (ที่ทำการ วนอุทยานถ้ำหลวง)

is a plain in the peaceful valley of a limestone mountain. Visitors can set up their own tents in the camping site. The 4 interesting tourist sites near this Forest Park Office include:

Tham Luang (ถ้าหลวง) is 7 kilometers long. The cave entrance is very wide and flocks of small bats live inside this cave. There is a waterway in it with different shapes of glistening stalagmites and stalactites. It is an ideal place for adventure tourists.

Tham Phra (ก้ำหระ) is a small cave. The villagers built a big Buddha image inside it where stalagmites and stalactites form in different amazing shapes. It is cool all year round at the cave entrance.

Tham Muntika Thewi (ด้ำมัลติกาเทวี) or Tham Phaya Nak is a small cave underneath a cliff. Legend has it that this was a meditation place for a noble monk who died inside the cave. There is a large stalactite shaped like a 2.5 metres tall king cobra at the entrance.

Tham Liang Pha (ถ้าเลียงผา) is caused by the collapse of land causing a hole of 60-80 meters wide and 30 meters high. Million-year-old fossils of gastropods and bivalves are found in this cave. The serows in the mountains came down to drink water trapped in a cave, hence the name of this cave.



Wat Phrachao Thongthip

2.Khun Nam Nang Non (ขุนน้ำนางนอน)

is 2 kilometers away from Tham Luang. Visitors will enjoy its serene nature, restaurants, uniquely all year-round fresh water pond – an ideal place to relax, as well as, the unexplored Tham Sai Thong on the cliff above the pond, in which a stream flows through its narrow passages. For more information. Tel. 0 5371 4914.

To get there: Tourists take Phahonyothin Road and turn at Kilometers 882, a junction in Ban Chong. It is 60 kilometers from the provincial city of Chiang Rai.

Amphoe Mae Suai

Wat Phrachao Thongthip (วัดพระเจ้าทองทิพย์)

According to history, in 1533 the King of Chiang Mai allowed his daughter to marry King Phothisan of Sisattanakhanahut (Lao PDR.), but she had no son. So, she went to ask for a son from Phrachao Thongthip, a Buddha image. Later, she gave the king a son who was named Prince Chaiyachetthathirat. When the prince was 12 years old, the King of Chiang Mai, his grandfather, died without an heir to the throne. The noblemen asked for the prince to reign Chiang Mai. King



Doi Wawi

Phothisan agreed and let the prince bring along with him the Buddha image. The prince cruised along the Mekong, Kok, and Lao Rivers. When the boat arrived at the present location of the temple, it got stranded and was unable to continue the trip. Therefore, the image was moved ashore and left there. King Chaiyachettha ruled Chiang Mai for two years when his father died. Hence, he went back to Luang Prabang and brought with him important Buddha images of Chiang Mai; such as, Phra Kaeo Morakot, Phra Phutthasihing, Phra Setangkhamani or Phra Kaeo Khao, and many others. However, all the images were later returned to Thailand. Phrachao

Thongthip was left in the forest for centuries. This 120 centimeters high image in the posture of subduing Mara has a lap width of 80 centimeters and is famous for its sacredness that someone who wishes to have a child can pray here.

To get there: From the town of Chiang Rai, turn right at Kilometers 121 in Ban Huai Som, and drive on past Tambon Si Thoi for around 6 kilometers.

Wat Phrathat Chom Chaeng (วัดพระธาตุ จอมแจ้ง)

is an ancient temple located in Tambon Mae Suai. In 1939, Luangpho Adunsihawat (Singkham), Ecclesiastical District Officer of Amphoe Mae Suai and abbot of the temple, preached about reverence of the Lord Buddha's relic pagoda to the people here. Hence, the people of Mae Suai has held a traditional fair on the full moon day in the eighth lunar month, and persuaded each other to join in the renovation of the temple. Furthermore, Luangpho Thongthip, an ancient and sacred Buddha image, is also housed here. For further details, Tel. 0 5365 6297.

To get there: Take the road from the town of Chiang Rai toward Chiang Mai, and, before arriving in Amphoe Mae Suai, turn right at the foot of the Maenam Lao Bridge for another 200 meters. The total distance is 40 kilometers.

Doi Wawi (ดอยวาวี)

is a small community living in peace. This is a source of good tea: Oolong No. 12. It was said that the first tea plantation in Thailand began here. The one-thousand-year-old tea tree of three arm circumference is still found in the forest in Ban Mai Phatthana. Every year there is the Wawi Tea Sampling Festival in December.



Doi Chana

To get there: It is 85 kilometers from town. Take Highway 118 (Mae Suai - Chiang Rai) and turn right to follow the winding Ban Tin Doi - Ban Mai Mok Cham Road, past the Mae Suai Dam It is an asphalt road all along the route where all types of cars can travel.

Doi Chang (ดอยช้าง)

is a coffee growing area and produces one of the finest coffees in the world. Tourists can also enjoy wild Himalayan cherry blossom and demonstration plots of temperate fruits and vegetables at the Chiang Rai Agricultural Research and Development Centre. To get there: Use the same route to Doi Wawi, turn right at Ban Huai Khrai, and proceed for 8 kilometers along a narrow concrete road can be very steep. A daily Song Thaeo service at Mae Suai District Office operates from 08.00 a.m. - 05.00 p.m. For more information, Tel. 0 5360 5932, 0 5360 5934, 0 5360 5955, 0 5360 5941, Fax.05360 5935. Wawi Sub-district Administrative Organisation, Tel. 0 5360 5950.

Doi Kat Phi Forest Park (วนอุทยานดอยกาดฝี)

Standing at a height of 1,650 meters above sea level, Doi Kat Phi is one of Chiang Rai's



most beautiful viewpoints for a 360-degrees panoramic view of the sea of mist.

To get there: From Ban Lao Li, go 4 kilometers to the north, turn left at the Ban Huai Chomphu Intersection for Ban Pang Kio. Proceed 6 kilometers further for Doi Kat Phi Forest Park (suitable only for pick-up or 4-wheel drive vehicles).

Playable Museum (พิพิธภัณฑ์เล่นได้)

Located at 268 Mu 3, Tambon Pa Daet, the Local Thai Toys was founded and run by the elderly of

Ban Pa Daet. With their insightful indigenous knowledge, they produce folk toys for the new generation. The Museum houses both local and new toys made from wood, coconut shell, or bamboo - with a name, description and directions on how to play. All objects on display can be touched and played with. Each one has an implicit meaning, reflecting life, culture and social changes. Some of the examples are different types of yoyo, various animal shapes on wheels, and puppets. A souvenir shop selling local products is also available. Open daily from 09.00 a.m. - 04.00 p.m. Admission is free. For more information, Tel. 0 5370 8070, 0 5370 8500. 08 9999 8537.

King Naresuan the Great Shrine (ศาลสมเด็จ พระนเรศวรมหาราชก

is situated at Mu 13, Tambon Mae Phrik, Chiang Rai - Chiang Mai Road, kilometers 129. It is assumed that he mobilised his troops - with elephants and horses - to Mueang Hang via Wiang Pa Pao and made a stop at Amphoe Mae Suai. The annual commemoration ceremony of King Naresuan the Great takes place on 18 January. In addition, visitors will find an exhibition centre featuring the history of King Naresuan the Great and "Then and Now" galleries with touch screen computers. It is open from Tuesday - Sunday at 08.30 a.m. - 04.30 p.m. For more information, Tel. 0 5378 6477, 08 5710 6518.

Amphoe Phan

Wat Phrathat Chom Wae (วัดพระธาตุจอมแว่)

is located in Mu 2, Tambon Mueang Phan, on Chom Wae (old) Road. The people of Amphoe Phan and nearby districts worship this sacred pagoda. A fair is held every year on the full



Wat Phrathat Chom Wae

moon day in the ninth lunar month to pay homage to the pagoda. It has been believed that someone who pays homage and prays will succeed in making a business deal. For further details, contact Tel. 0 5372 1821.

Doi Luang National Park (อุทยานแห่งชาติ ดอยหลวง)

covers an area in Amphoe Mae Suai, Amphoe Phan, Amphoe Wiang Pa Pao in Chiang Rai, Amphoe Wang Nuea in Lampang and Amphoe Mae Chai, Amphoe Mueang in Phayao. It has an area of 731,250 rai (1,170 million square meters) with

a topography of high mountains whose peak is Doi Luang. It contains mixed deciduous forest, evergreen forest and deciduous dipterocarp forest. There are diverse kinds of wildlife and birds.

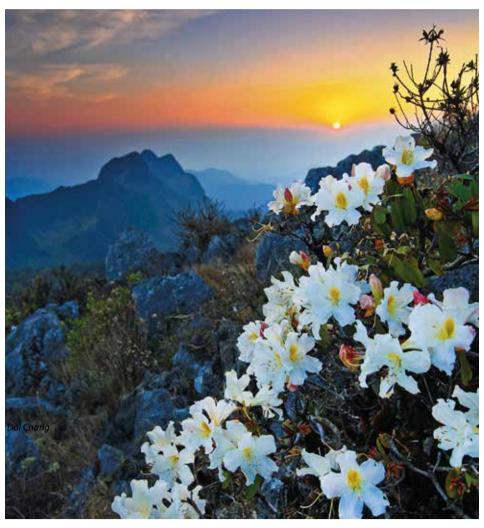
To get there: take the route Chiang Rai – Phayao for 58 kilometers. to get to Ban Pu Kaeng. At kilometers 773. turn right and go on for 9 kilometers. to the national park office. One interesting tourist attraction there is Namtok Pu Kaeng, a beautiful massive waterfall in Chiang Rai. It has 9 tiers containing lots of stalagmites and stalactites. Camping and forest trekking are available. Please call 0 5316 3363, 08 1960 2456 or contact the office in Bangkok at Tel. 0 2562 0760 www.dnp.go.th.

Amphoe Phraya Mengrai

Namtok Tat Khwan Forest Park (วนอุทยาน น้ำตกตาดควัน)

is situated in Ban Mae Tam Nam Tok, Mu 6, Tambon Tat Khwan, The intact forest landscapes make an ideal relaxing spot. Namtok Tat Khwan is a medium-sized, single-tiered waterfall at the height of 20 meters. It originates from a stream of Amphoe Wiang Chiang Rung on the west, which passes Ban Yao Tat Khwan, ends at the cliff of the waterfall, and then cascades down to Huai Tat Khwan Reservoir. Tat Khwan derives its name from a phenomenon, which is a whitish fog covering this area like white smoke in the cool season. Tel. 0 5371 4914

To get there: 74.5 kilometers from the provincial city of Chiang Rai. From Chiang Rai, proceed via Highway No. 1152 to Amphoe Phaya Mengrai, which will take about 40 kilometers. Take a northern left turn onto Highway No. 1174 for Ban Pa Muang. The distance is 14 kilometers. Then, turn left to Ban Mae Tam Nam Tok via



Doi Luang National Park

Krom Yothathikan Road (Ban Pa Muen- Ban San Wiang route) about 7 kilometers. At the junction, turn right and make a 5 kilometers journey along one-way, narrow, non-asphalt roadway, where visitors will pass the Huai Tat Khwan Reservoir.

Amphoe Thoeng

Phu Chi Fa (ภูชี้ฟ้า)

is a viewpoint for a sea of mist and the sunrise. Situated 25 kilometers from Doi Pha Tang, this hill is about 1,628 meters above sea level, and



Phu Chi Fa

has a skyward pointed tip with a long cliff face protruding toward Lao PDR. There is a wide grass field covering the hilltop.

To get there: Take the Chiang Rai-Thoeng Route for 64 kilometers and the Thoeng - Ban Pi Route for 6 kilometers. Then, turn left to Highway 1155 and drive past Ban Pang Kha and Ban Cheng Meng on an asphalt road to reach the hill, a total distance of 42 kilometers. Alternatively, take Highway 1021 (Thoeng - Chiang Kham - Ban Huak) and 6 kilometers before reaching Chiang Kham, switch to follow the road toward the Namtok Phu Sang National Park for 19 kilometers. Then, continue for 30 kilometers. to reach the hill. Visitors can drive to the parking lot of the Phu Chi Fa Forest Park and continue on foot for about 700 meters to the viewpoint. In addition, a bus service to the hill is available at

the Chiang Rai Bus Terminal at 07.00 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. (in the cool season only). For more information, the Tap Tao Sub-district Administration Organisation at Tel. 0 5318 9111, 08 1724 0052 the Phu Chi Fa Forest Park at Tel. 08 4740 7990, 0 8013 3407 and the Visitor Centre at Tel. 0 5371 0195-6.

Wat Phrathat Chom Cho (วัดพระธาตุจอมจ้อ)

is located in Tambon Wiang, 65 kilometers from the town of Chiang Rai. Phrathat Chom Cho which has been a sacred pagoda of the city of Thoeng since ancient times contains the Lord Buddha's hair relics. Every year, a ceremony to bath the pagoda is held on the full moon day in the eighth lunar month. The word "Cho" means being good at speaking. To pay homage to Phrathat Chom Cho signifies future success in everything like success starts with a good talk.



Doi Pha Tang

To get there: Take the Chiang Rai - Thoeng Route to Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai, cross the bridge over the Ing River, and go further for another 250 meters to the entrance to Phrathat Chom Cho. Then, drive up the hill for around 300 meters For further details, contact Tel. 0 5366 6449.

Amphoe Wiang Kaen

Doi Pha Tang

(ดอยผาตั้ง)

is a viewpoint between Thai-Lao border. There is mist throughout the year and visitors can enjoy wild Himalayan cherry blossoms and Orchid Tree or Purple Bauhinia in full bloom during December – January. Doi Pha Tang is home to the Yunnan Chinese or Haw, Hmong, and Yao. The Yunnan Chinese were part of the former 93rd division of the anti-communist

Kuomintang (KMT). They settled their community in Doi Pha Tang and are currently earning a living by agriculture - growing temperate crops; such as, peach, plum, pear, apple and tea.

To get there: From the provincial city of Chiang Rai, take the Chiang Rai -Wiang Chai- King Mengrai - Ban Ta route, Highway No. 1233, 1173 and 1152, a distance of 50 kilometers. Then, it is 45 kilometers from Ban Ta to Ban Tha Charoen (Highway No. 1020), and from Ban Tha Charoen - Wiang Kaen - Pang Hat on Highway No. 1155 is about 17 kilometers. Finally, from Pang Hat to Doi Pha Tang is another 15 kilometers. Chong Pha Bong scenic channel is a large rock passage overlooking the Mekong River in Lao PDR. If continuing walking for 1 kilometer you will arrive at viewpoint 103 the rough road leading up there is quite steep. Doi Pha Tang offers accommodation, camping ground and

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restaurants. Contact the Po Sub-district Administrative Organisation Tel. 0 5391 8265.

Amphoe Wiang Pa Pao

Natural Hot Wells (ก่อน้ำร้อนธรรมชาติ)

are located in Tambon Mae Chedi Mai on the Chiang Rai - Chiang Mai Road, at kilometers 64-65. There are three natural hot wells. Villagers sell eggs on the site for visitors to try boiling them in the hot well. This spot also serves as a rest area for travellers between Chiang Mai and Chiang Rai. Coffee, food, and souvenir stalls are available, with a mineral water service for taking a bath or soaking feet. For more information Tel. 0 5378 9437. 0 5378 9430

Wat Aranyawiwekkhiri or Phrathat Chom Pho (วัดอรัญญวิเวกคีรี หรือ พระธาตุจอมผ่อ)

is located in Ban Dong - Lai Na, Mu 7, Tambon Wiang. According to the temple construction records of Chiang Rai, this temple was built in 1720. In 1977, a lot of auspicious objects together with silver sheets inscribed with the history of the pagoda building in Lanna language were found during the demolition of the pagoda. The renovation was continued till completion on 5 May, 2003. A tradition to bath the pagoda as a manner to pay homage is held every year on the full moon day in the fourth lunar month

To get there: Take Highway 118 (Chiang Rai - Chiang Mai) to Amphoe Wiang Pa Pao, past the Suanthip Vana Resort, Wiang Pa Pao Sub-district Municipality Office, and Sansali Kindergarten. Then, turn into the lane off the main road opposite Wat Si Suphan for around 2 kilometers before reaching the temple. The total distance is 65 kilometers. For more information, contact Tel. 0 5378 1363.

Wiang Ka Long (เมืองโบราณเวียงกาหลง)

is located in Ban Pa San, Mu 5, Tambon Wiang Ka Long. The ancient town of Wiang Ka Long located on a mound and is surrounded by a moat. Some of the attractions here include remains of ancient pottery kilns, Wat Wiang Ka Long a place of meditation cum community learning center, as well as, a pottery factory famous for Wiang Ka Long-style pottery with unique designs depicting the story of the Lord Buddha and indigenous lifestyle.

To get there: Take the Chiang Rai - Chiang Mai main route, switch onto Highway No. 120 toward Amphoe Wang Nuea for about 3 kilometers, and finally, turn left.

Khun Chae National Park (อุทยานแห่งชาติ ขนแจ)

was established in 1995. This park is shady with intact forest and rich in natural resources. There is wildlife; such as, civet, common wild pig, barking deer, porcupine, bear, slow loris, etc., and birds; such as, ashy drongo, crested serpent eagle, coppersmith barbet, blue-winged leafbird. etc.

To get there: Take Highway 118 (Chiang Rai - Chiang Mai Route), the park is located at kilometers 55-56

Places of Interest in the Park. Namtok Mae Tho (น้ำตกแม่โถ)

has flowing water all year round. It is a seven-tiered waterfall and 40 meters high. It is accessible by car, taking about 30-40 minutes from the park's headquarters to the waterfall's access (Ban Mae Tho), and continuing on foot to the waterfall. It takes about two hours to explore the seven tiers.



Khun Chae National Park

Namtok Khun Chae (น้ำตกขุนแจ)

is a beautiful six-tiered waterfall, with an area for picnicking and camping. It takes a two-hour drive from the park's headquarters and another one-hour walk to get to the waterfall.

Doi Mot (ดอยมด)

is covered with thick rainforest all the way up to its tip. Various plants growing here include ground orchid, fern, moss, etc. They make it a shady area with moisture all the time. The hilltop at the height of 1,700 meters abounds with forest. A forest trek on this hill takes 2 days and one night.

Doi Langka (ดอยลังกา)

is a hill of 2,000 meters high, the 5th ranking in Thailand, overlooking the attractive view of the park. There is a forest trekking route taking 4 days and 3 nights.

An officer is needed for a forest trek in the Khun Chae National Park. Trekkers are required to bring their own camping gear. The best time for a visit is from November to March. For those who are interested in forest trekking and camping, contact the Khun Chae National Park Tel. 0 5316 3364, 08 4489 2173, or the Department of National Parks, Wildlife, and Plant Conservation, Tel. 0 2562 0760 www. dnp.go.th.

EVENTS & FESTIVALS

Chiang Rai Flower Festival (งานเทศกาล เชียงรายดอกไม้งาม)

is held for 10 days by the Chiang Rai Provincial Administrative Organization during the New Year festival. There are contests of flowers, orchids, an orchid garden, as well as, exhibition on agriculture, and a beauty pageant, Tel. 0 5360 1758, 0 5371 7400 Ext. 204.



Chiang Rai Flower Festival

Songkran Festival and Boat Races of Mueang Chiang Saen (งานประเพณีสงกรานต์ และแข่งเรือเมืองเขียงแสน)

is held during 16-18 April of each year. In this festival, there is a parade, water bathing ceremony of the Phrachao Lanthong Buddha image, boat races and folk performances. Tel. 0.5377,7110

Blooming Mexican Sunflower Festival (งานเทศกาลดอกบัวตองบาน)

is held in November. See performances from hilltribes and visit the sunflower field, waterfalls and a sea of mist at Ban Hua Mae Kham, Amphoe Mae Fa Luang. Tel. 0 5373 0199

Tea-tasting and Cheery Blossoms Festival (งานขิมชา ซากุระบาน อาหารชนเผ่า ดอยแม่สลอง)

Tambon Mae Salong Administrative Organization

has organized "Tea-Tasting and Cherry Blossoms Festival in Doi Mae Salong" during 28 December -2 January at Ban Suntikiree village. The objectives are to promote cultures, arts and traditions of the hilltribes. Tel. 0 5376 5129

LOCAL PRODUCTS AND SOUVENIR SHOPS

Chiang Rai is rich in handicraft items such as hand-woven cotton materials, dresses and hilltribe silver ornaments, as well as wood-carving products. Certain food items are quite popular such as Naem and Mu Yo (preserved and fermented pork sausages). Agricultural products include lychee (April-May), pineapples, tea, and other products from the royal projects.

Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai

Kong Luang (กองหลวง) 423/5, Banphraprakan Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 08 1883 3044 (Silverware)

Khum Mueang Mang (คุ้มเมืองมาง) 381/4, Mae Kok Road, Tel. 0 5315 0105 (Rasin, Wooden products)

JinMai Thai (จันไหมไทย) 18/13Mu13,Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 8348 (Silk ,cotton)

Hilltribe Handicrafts (หัตถกรรมชาวเขา) 620/25, Thanalai Road, Tel. 05371 8869 (Hilltribe handicrafts)

Sujin Muyo (สุจินต์หมูยอ) 425/8 Banphaprakan Road, Tel. 0 5371 2477 (Spicy pork and local food products)

Chiang Rai Handicraft (ศูนย์หัตถกรรมเขียงราย) 237 Mu 5, Kilometers.832, Tel. 0 5371 3355 (Pottery, silk, cotton)

Doy Din Dang Pottery (ดอยดินแดง พอทเทอร์ รี่) Ban Doi Din Daeng, Tambon Nang Lae , Tel. 0 5370 5291 (Pottery)

Amphoe Chiang Khong

Sukhawadi (สุขาวดี) 84/1, Ban Had Bai, Tel. 0 5365 0975 (Cotton)

Amphoe Mae Chan

Ban Tham Pa Tong Woodcarving (แกะสลัก ไม้บ้านถ้ำผาตอง) Ban Tham Pa Tong, Tambon Mae Khao Tom Suk, Tel. 05378 7233 (woodcarving product)

Choui Fong (ฉุยฟง) 97 Mu 8, Tambon Pa Sang, Tel. 0 5377 1563 (Tea product)

Mae Chan Winery (แม่จันไวน์เนอรี่) 23 Mu 9, Ban Pamieng, Tambon Patueng, Tel. 0 5391 4999 www.maechanwinery.com Rueang Sri (ร้องศ์รี) 25 Mu 3, Ban San Na, Tambon Mae Kham, Tel. 0 5366 5511 (silk, cotton)

Amphoe Mae Sai

Jinnaluck Mulberry Sea Paper (จินนาลักษณ์ กระดาษสา) Mu 1, Ban Pang Ha, Soi 1, Tambon Ko Chang, Tel. 0 5367 5395

Amphoe Mae Suai

Chiang Rai Winery (เขียงรายไวน์เนอรี่) 160 Mu 7, Tambon Sritoy, Tel. 0 5395 0693-4, www. chiangraiwinery.com (La Santé Brand)

Siripan Tea Ltd. Part. (ใบชาศิริภัณฑ์) 81 Mu 1, Tambon Wawee, Tel. 0 5376 0094 (Tea product)

Amphoe Wiang Pa Pao

Tao Wiang Kalong (เตาเวียงกาหลง) 67 Mu 13 , Tambon Pa Ngiew, Tel. 0 5378 1068, 0 5370 4349 (Pottery, ceramic)

Tao Lung Si Wiang Kalong (เตาลุงศ์ที่เวียง กาหลง) 333 Mu 1, Tambon Ban Pong, Tel. 0 5378 2182 (Pottery, ceramic)

Ploy Maneewat (พลอยมณีวัฒน์) 124 Mu 14, Chiang Mai-Chiang Rai Road, Tel. 0 5367 9286 (Silver product)

INTERESTING ACTIVITIES

Travel along Kok River (Route: Tha Ton – Chiang Rai)

Tha Ton is a village along the Kok riverside, 24 kilometers north of Amphoe Fang, Chiang Mai province. Take a 4-hours bus from Chiang Mai (departing Chang Phueak Gate) to Amphoe Fang. Then, take a 30-minutes Song Thaeo to Tha Ton. From Tha Ton, a long-tailed boat leaves at 12.30 p.m. and arrives in Chiang Rai at

04.30 p.m. On the return trip, it leaves Chiang Rai at 10.30 a.m. and arrives in Tha Ton at 03.30 p.m. The distance is 80 kilometers, 350 Baht/person. The price for a group of 8 is 2,200 Baht/trip. For more details, contact the Tha Ton Boat Club at Tel. 0 5305 3727.

In addition, there is a rafting service which takes 2 days 1 night. For more information, contact Chao Pae (Thip Travel) No. 211, Mu 3, Tambon Tha Ton, Amphoe Mae Ai, Chiang Mai, Tel. 0 5345 9312, 08 1981 1780/ Tha Ton Tour, Tel. 0 5337 3143, 08 9851 7072. There are 4-5 resorts and guesthouses at Tha Ton and also in Amphoe Fang.

Attractions along the river route from Tha Ton to Chiang Rai:

- Phrathat Sop Fang (Amphoe Fang), Akha Hill Tribe Ban Mae Salak (border of Chiang Mai-Chiang Rai), Ban Mai (Tai Yai Tribe), Ban Mueang Ngam (Karen Tribe), Ban Pha Tai (Lahu Tribe), Ban Cha Khue (Lahu Tribe), Ban Pha Mup Mai (Lahu Tribe), Huai Mak Liam hot spring, and Ban Kariang Ruam Mit (elephant riding service in a Karen Village).
- Boat Services: contact CR Pier at Tel. 0 5375 0009 or Tha Ton Chiang Mai at Tel. 0 5337 3224.
- *Elephant Riding:* Around Ban Kariang Ruam Mit is available at the price of 300 Baht/elephant/30 minutes (2 persons/elephant). More details, Tel. 08 7176 2090, 08 1706 9066.
- Kok River Floating Restaurant: contact Maekok Rafting at Tel. 08 6186 8525, 08 8258 0590.

Chiang Rai Immigration: 3 Checkpoints

1. Chiang Saen Checkpoint (ด่านอำเภอเชียงแสน)

is located in the pier area, in front of the Chiang Saen District Office, directly opposite the Ton Pheung Checkpoint in Bokeo Province of Lao PDR. The distance is 60 kilometers from the provincial city of Chiang Rai. Visitors can travel by boat along the Mekong River to Xishuangbanna, Yunnan Province. For more information, contact the Chiang Saen Checkpoint, Tel. 0 5377 7118

2. Chiang Khong Checkpoint (ด่านอำเภอ เชียงของ)

is located at Buck Pier, opposite Huay Xai, Bokeo Province of Lao PDR, 114 kilometers from the provincial city of Chiang Rai. This area is also accessible to Luang Phrabang and Vientiane of Lao PDR. by boat along the Mekong River. Travellers can go back to Thailand via Nong Khai province by a 6-hours speed boat, which is available from 09.00 – 09.30 a.m. 7 seats, 1,800 Baht/ person. Slow boats take 2 days and 1 night departing at 10.30 a.m., 1,200 Baht/ person (accommodation excluded). For more details, contact the Chiang Khong Checkpoint Tel. 0 5379 1332.

3. Mae Sai Checkpoint (ด่านอำเภอแม่สาย)

is opposite Tachileik Checkpoint Republic of the Union of Myanmar, 60 kilometers from the provincial city of Chiang Rai. It takes about 1 hour from Chiang Rai. The checkpoint situated at the foot of the Thailand - Myanmar Friendship Bridge is also a border market. From this point, travellers can drive to Chiang Tung by car, Tel. 0 5373 1008 and Amphoe Mae Sai Tel. 0 5373 1396

AGRO-TOURISM

Chiang Rai Horticultural Research Centre (ศูนย์วิจัยพืชสวนเชียงราย)

is located in Pa Ko Village on Highway 1211 (Den Ha - Dong Mada Route), 6.5 kilometers from



Phamon Highland Agricultural Extension Centre

town. Visitors can see beds of decorative flowers; such as, Patumma or Siam tulip (Curcuma), Krachiao (Curcuma), rose, chrysanthemum, gladiolus, lily, etc., vegetables; such as, cabbage, green bean, garden pea, etc., and a herbal garden, on an area of more than 2,000 rai. In addition, there is a giant lake which is habitat to various species of waterfowl, especially duck. The centre is open daily from 08.00 a.m. - 04.30 p.m. Houses, tents, and restaurants are available for visitors. Fresh agricultural produce and processed products are on sale. For further details, contact Tel. 0 5317 0100, 0 5317 0102

Pha Mon Highland Agricultural Extension Centre (ศูนย์ส่งเสริมการเกษตรที่สูงดอยผาหม่น)

Fax: 0 5317 0103

is located in Amphoe Thoeng. It promotes the growing of temperate flowers; such as, tulip, lily, red salvia, red poinsettia or Christmas flower,

etc. During the cool season, visitors come to admire the beautiful scene of blossoms in various colours, with the beauty of the landscape that makes them feel fresh amidst a cool atmosphere. Houses are on offer for visitors, without a restaurant service. Advance reservation is required at Tel. 0 5391 8555

To get there: From the town of Chiang Rai, take Highway 1020 toward Amphoe Thoeng – Amphoe Chiang Kham, turn left at the Phu Sang Witthayakhom School, and drive on past the Namtok Phu Sang National Park, and Ban Huak, a village on the Lao - Thai border.

Hua Mae Kham Highland Agricultural Extension Centre (ศูนย์ส่งเสริมการเกษตรที่สูง หัวแม่คำ)

is located in Amphoe Mae Fa Luang. It enhances villagers to earn income from growing temperate

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Singha Park Chiang Rai

flowers; such as, lily, gladiolus, gerbera, tulip, etc. The centre has offered houses and tents for visitors. For further information, contact the Chiang Rai Provincial Agricultural Office at Tel. 0 5391 8101

Singha Park Chiang Rai (สิงห์ปาร์คเชียงราย)

is located at Mu 1 Tambon Mae Kon, on Den Ha-Dong Ma Da Road, only 6 kilometers from Wat Rong Khun. Enjoy agricultural areas and a tea plantation of over 600 rai. Various fresh fruits; such as, strawberry, jujube, as well as, special formulas of tea products from the farm are on sale. The admission fee is 50 Baht/ person. A daily 50 minutes tram service between 09.30 a.m. – 05.00 p.m. (leaves every 30 minutes) is available. For more details, Tel/Fax. 0 5317 2870, 086914 2034, 08 1029 6635. www.singhapark.com

Prince Chakraband Pensiri Centre for Plant Development (ศูนย์พัฒนาพันธุ์พืชจักรพันธ์ เพ็ญศิริ)

Located at Kilometers 885, Phahonyothin Road, 4 kilometers before reaching Amphoe Mae Sai. HRH Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn graciously designated the Chaipattana Foundation and Mae Fah Luang Foundation under Royal Patronage to establish the Prince Chakraband Pensiri Centre for Plant Development on 20 July 2009, in commemoration of the 100th Birthday Anniversary of His Highness Prince Chakraband Pensiri. The objective is to develop disease-resistant and insect-resistant crops agronomic crops, cucurbitaceae, local vegetables, and herbs; such as, corn, rice, pumpkin, melon, cowpea, spinach, lettuce, pak choi cabbage, etc. The Centre also provides plant growing exhibitions and a VDO presentation about its history. Organic

produce, food (salad and som tam papayasalad) made from the centre's vegetables, coffee, and souvenirs are for sale at the Chan Ka Phak shop. For more information, Tel. 0 5373 3222, 08 8258 7144.

Mae Chan Valley (ไร่แม่จันวัลเล่ย์)

is located at 23, Mu 9, Ban Pa Miang, Tambon Pa Tueng, Amphoe Mae Chan. The site is surrounded by the Mae Poen Reservoir covering an area of 1,300 rai. This agro-tourism site offers knowledge on vineyard and tea plantation, as well as, wine and Oolong tea production. With an organised tour, visitors learn through skilled speakers the production process of tea and grapes from the beginning of their planting procedure to the final processing. In addition, enjoy wine production, wine tasting, and traditional Chinese tea tasting. An accommodation service is provided. Mae Chan Valley boasts the winner of the 7th Thailand Tourism Awards 2008 for outstanding performance in agro-tourism. All visits by appointment only, Tel. 0 5391 8440, 0 2236 0039, Fax 0 5391 8441, www.maechanwinery.com.

To get there: take the Chiang Rai – Mae Chan route passing Amphoe Mae Chan about 1 kilometer. Then, turn left and follow the signs to Doi Mae Salong for about 3 kilometers. Upon arrival at the Ban Mai Phatthana School, turns left and proceed for another 4.8 kilometers along a narrow non-asphalt road. At the Mae Poen Reservoir, a boat service to Mae Chan Valley is available.

GOLF COURSES

Santiburi Country Club (สันติบรี คันทรี่คลับ)

12 Mu 3 Panwithi Rd., Khlong Dan, Bang Bo, Amphoe Wiang Chai, 8 kilometers. from the city Tel. 0 5366 2821-6, Fax: 0 5371 7377 (18 hole) www.santiburi.com

Waterford Valley Golf & Lodge (วอเตอร์ฟอร์ด วัลเล่ย์)

333 Mu 5, Pa Sang, Amphoe Wiang Chiang Rung, 35 kilometers. from the city Tel. 0 5366 2821-6 Fax: 0 5371 7371 (18 hole) www.waterfordvalley golfcourse.com

WALKING STREET

Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai

Kat Chiang Hai Ramluek (กาดเจียงฮายรำลึก)

A Saturday market on Thanalai Road. Starting at the Government Savings Bank Intersection to Nong Si Chaeng Intersection (Chiang Rai Tobacco Office) from 04.00 p.m. – 12.00 a.m. For more details, contact the Chiang Rai Municipality, Tel. 0 5371 1333.

Thanon Khon Muan or Sankhong Happy Street (ถนนคนม่วน)

on Sunday at San Khong Noi Road (Soi 1 – 10) from 04.00 p.m. – 11.00 p.m. Contact the San Khong Noi Community, Tel. 08 1761 2325, 08 5869 3437.

Amphoe Wiang Chai

Kat Khon Muan, Khuang Watthanatham Lanna, Sala Wiang Chai (กาดคนม่วน ข่วง วัฒนธรรมล้านนา สล่าเวียงชัย)

this market is located at the Wiang Chai Municipality wet market from 04.00 p.m. – 10.00 p.m. For further details, contact the Wiang Chai Sub-district Municipality, Tel. 0 5376 9086.

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City Tour by Electric Tram

City Tour by Electric Tram (รถรางแอ่วเมืองเล่า ขาน ๙ ตำนานนครเจียงฮาย)

is available 2 times per day for free. The morning services are at 09.00 a.m. and 09.30 a.m. The afternoon services are at 01.00 p.m. and 01.30 p.m. The tour takes 2 hours to 9 spots in Amphoe Mueang. The route starts from the Craft Centre behind the King Mengrai the Great Memorial and ends at the Tung and Khom Chiang Rai Public Park. For more information, contact the Chiang Rai Municipality Tel. 0 5371 1333.

Electric Tram around the Ancient Town of Chiang Saen (รถไฟฟ้านำเที่ยวเมืองโบราณเชี ยงแสน)

is available Monday - Friday from 08.30 a.m. – 04.30 p.m. It starts from the Chiang Saen Tourist Information Centre (across from the National Museum of Chiang Saen), passes through Chiang Saen City's Wall, and ends at Wat Chedi Luang. For further information, contact the Chiang Saen Tourist Information Centre at Tel. 0 5377 7084.

SUGGESTED ITINERARY

Chiang Rai 1-day Tour Programme I

07.00 a.m. - Breakfast

08.00 a.m. - Pay homage to the King

Mengrai the Great Monument.

08.30 a.m. - Depart for Amphoe Chiang Saen.

09.30 a.m. - Pay homage to Buddha images at Wat Phrathat Pha Ngao. Depart for the Golden Triangle and cruise along the Mekong River, the Lao PDR - Myanmar - Thailand

tripoint.

11.30 a.m. - Visit the Hall of Opium, Golden Triangle Park.

12.30 p.m. - Lunch by the Mekong River.01.30 p.m. - Shop for souvenirs at Mae Sai Market

04.00 p.m. - Return to the provincial city of Chiang Rai.

05.00 p.m. - Dinner around the clock tower. **This programme is subject to change.

Chiang Rai 1-day Tour Programme II

07.00 a.m. - Breakfast.

08.00 a.m. - Visit the Baandam Museum displaying a large collection of paintings and sculpture by Thai National Visual Artist Thawan Duchanee

09.00 a.m. - Depart for Doi Mae Salong. Visit a tea plantation and shop for souvenirs.

10.15 a.m. - Visit the modern Lanna style chedi Phrathat Chedi Srinagarindra Sathit Maha Santi Khiri featuring a height of 30 meters

12.00 p.m. - Lunch.

01.00 p.m. - Pay homage to Phrathat Doi Tung, Chiang Rai's provincial place of worship.

01.45 p.m. - Visit Phra Tamnak Doi Tung, which was once a palace of HRH Princess Srinagarindra, the late Princess Mother, as well as, Hall of Inspiration, and Mae Fah Luang Garden.

03.00 p.m. - Experience the indigenous hill tribe of Ban Lo Cha cultural village.

04.30 p.m. - Depart for the hot spring well of Bo Namphu Ron Pa Tueng.

Goers will find separate hot spring bathrooms for men and women. There is also a hot spring pool for boiling eggs and foot bath.

06.00 p.m.

- Return to the provincial city of Chiang Rai.
- Dinner around the clock tower.

**This programme is subject to change.

FACILITIES

ACCOMMODATION

(Note: The room rates mentioned in this brochure may be changed without notice. Please ask for current information from the hotel before making reservation.)

Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai

Ban Ing Doi Resort (บ้านอิงดอย รีสอร์ท) 603 Mu 14, Doi Khaokwai Road, Tel. 0 5371 7844-6, 0 5371 5883, 35 rooms: 750-2,000 Baht

Ban Khun Yom (บ้านขุนยม) 155 Thanalai Road, Tel. 0 5371 6216, 42 rooms: 600-800 Baht

Ban Lanna Inn (บ้านล้านนา อินน์) 395 Mu 2, Tambon Rimkok, Tel. 0 5366 1118, 8 rooms: 2.500 Baht

Ban Rabieng Chom Fa (บ้านระเบียงชมฟ้า) 386 Mu 5, Tambon Thasud, Tel. 0 5366 1118, ,8 rooms: 2,500 Baht

Ban Silp (บ้านศิลป์) 260/44 Mu 15, Sankongnoi Road, Tambon Robwiang, Tel. 0 5375 6335-6, 27 rooms: 300-600 Baht

Ban Suan Nanglae Resort (บ้านสวนนางแล รีสอร์ท) 298 Mu 5, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5377 2490-1, 60 rooms: 600-800 Baht **Ban Suan River View** (บ้านสวนริเวอร์วิว) 131 Mu 3, Tambon Sansai , Tel. 0 5370 0305, 0 5398 8743-4 , 37 rooms: 500-600 Baht

Ban Warabodee (บ้านวราบดี) 59/1 Mu 18, Sanpanard Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5375 4488, 0 5371 9292 Fax: 0 5371 9293, 17 rooms: 400-600 Baht

Ban Wiriem Resort (บ้านวิเรียม รีสอร์ท) Tel. 0 5371 7563, 20 rooms: 400-600 Baht

Best Western Premier Golden Pine Resort (เบลท์ เวลเทิร์น พรีเมียร์ โกลเด้นท์ ไพน์ รีสอร์ท) 291 Mu 4, Tambon Nang Lae Tel. 0 5370 6270-9 Fax: 0 5370 6280, www.goldenpineresort.net, 80 rooms: 3,500-7,000 Baht

Boon Bandan Guesthouse (บุญบันดาล เกสต์ เฮาส์) 1005/13 Chet Yod Road, Tel. 0 5371 7040-1, 31 rooms: 450 Baht

Chansom House (จันทร์สม เฮาส์) 879/2 Chet Yod Road, Tel. 05371 4779, 30 rooms: 350-500 Baht

Chiang Rai Hill Resort (เขียงราย ฮิลล์ รีสอร์ท)
Ban Huaykom, Tambon Mae Yao, Tel. 0 5373
7162, 0 5373 7165, 08 1814 4303, www.chiangraihillresort.com, 16 rooms: 1,200-1,400 Baht

Chiang Rai Inn (เขียงราย อินน์) 661 Uttrakit Road, Tel. 0 5371 7700-3, 77 rooms: 600 - 2,000 Baht

Dusit Island Resort (ดุลิต ไอร์แลนด์ รีสอร์ท) 1129 Kraisorasit Road, Tel. 0 560 7999 Fax: 05371 5801, www.dusit.com, 271 rooms: 5,178-11,000 Baht

Huaykhum Resort (ท้ายกุ่ม วีสอร์ท) 268/9 Mu 9, Tambon Huaychompu, Tel. 0 5371 7438, 0 5391 8254 Fax: 0 5391 8232, www.huaikhum. com, 23 rooms: 1,600-2,500 Baht **Lankam** (ลานคำ) 648/5 Uttrakit Road, Tel. 0 5379 0253-9, 60 rooms: 500-1,500 Baht

Luckswan Resort & Spa (ลักษารรณ รีสอร์ท) 499 Mu 4, Tambon Rimkok , Tel. 0 5375 0855, 08 9700 2511 Fax: 0 5375 0857, www.luckswan resort.com, 36 rooms: 1,200-1,800 Baht

Manee Inn (มณีอินน์) 25 Mu 14, Tambon Rob Wiang Tel. 08 9700 2611, www.maneeinn.com, 30 rooms: 600 Baht

Mohnfahsai Home Resort (ม่อนฟ้าใส โฮม รีสอร์ท) 114 Mu 8, Tambon Ban Du, Tel. 0 5377 6129 Fax: 0 5371 5615, www.mohnfahsai.com, 13 rooms: 1,200-1,800 Baht

Moon and Son (มูน แอนด์ ซัน) 632 Singhaklai Road, Tel. 0 5371 9279-80, 14 rooms: 700 Baht

Naga Hill Resort (นาคาฮิลล์ รีสอร์ท) 83 Mu 8, Tambon Ban Du, Tel. 0 5370 2120, www.nagahill. com, 9 rooms: 800-1,800 Baht

Nam Thong Resort (น้ำทอง รีสอร์ท) 121/588 Mu 3, Tambon Ban Du, Tel. 0 5376 7500-2 Fax: 0 5376 7505, www.namthongresort.com, 50 rooms: 600-1,500 Baht

Neranchara Hot Spring Resort (เนรัญชรา ฮอทสปริง รีสอร์ท) 21 Mu 6, Tambon Doi Hang, Ban Pha Sert, Tel. 0 5371 8085-6, 49 rooms: 500-1,500 Baht

Palm Garden (ปาล์ม การ์เดน) 375/1 Mu 19 Tambon Rob Wiang, Tel. 0 5374 2252-3 Fax: 0 5374 3252, www.thepalmgarden.com, 33 rooms: 900-1,500 Baht

Pan Kred Villa (แป้นเกล็ด วิลล่า) 481 Mu 24, Doi Khao Kwai Road, Tambon Rob Wiang , Tel. 0 5371 7552, 28 rooms: 350-650 Baht Petchsiam Palace (เพชรสยาม พาเลส) 124 Mu 17, Soi Ruam Chai, Sankokchang Road, Tel. 0 5375 4057-60 Fax: 0 5375 4060, E-mail: petchsiam_hotel@yahoo.com, 75 rooms: 350-1.200 Baht

Phowadol Resort & Spa (โพธิ์วดล รีสอร์ท แอนด์ สปา) 183 Mu 3, Tambon Rimkok, Tel. 0 5371 8600 Fax: 0 5371 8700, www.phowadol.com: 154 rooms 2.000-3.000 Baht

Piman Inn (พิมาน รีสอร์ท) 652/1 Mu 24,Tambon Rob Wiang, Tel. 0 5375 6733, 0 5375 6972-3 Fax: 0 5375 6753, www.pimanninn.com, 76 rooms: 450-700 Baht

Pong Phrabat Resort (โป่งพระบาท รีสอร์ท) 211 Mu 3, Tambon Ban Du, Tel. 0 5391 8640, 10 rooms: 1,000-1,500 Baht

Primmada Place (พริมมาดา เพลส) 452 Mu 13, Super Highway Road, Tel. 0 5375 4975-9, 120 rooms: 650-800 Baht

Rajabhat Inn (ກາທັງ ຄືນນ໌) 80 Mu 9, Tambon Ban Du, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5377 6010, 0 5377 6272, www.rajabhatinn.com, 20, rooms: 500-600 Baht

Rangsinee Resort (รังสินี รีสอร์ท) 42 Mu 18, Ban Pongprabat, Tambon Bandu, Tel. 08 6729 1695, 08 1885 4241, 08 6729 1695, www. rangsinee-resort.com, 6 rooms: 300-4,000 Baht

Red Rose (เรคโรส) 60 Mu 14, Prachasanti Road, Tel. 0 5375 6888 Fax: 0 5371 3636, 50 rooms: 900-7,000 Baht

Rimkok Resort (วิมกก รีสอร์ท) 6 Mu 4, Chiang Rai-Thaton Road, Tel. 0 5371 6445-60 Fax: 0 5371 5859 www.rimkokresort.com, 256 rooms: 1,700-8,000 Baht **Saenkamfa Resort** (แสนคำฟ้า รีสอร์ท) 325 Mu 8, Tambon Ban Du, Tel. 0 5370 3407, 26 rooms: 500-800 Baht

Sri Chiang Rai Resort (ศรีเขียงราย รีสอร์ท) 104 Mu 5 Tambon Ban Du, Tel. 0 5370 3651, 7 rooms: 400-600 Baht

Starbright (สตาร์ไบร์ท) 869/116 Premvipat Road, Tel. 0 5375 2961-3, 0 5375 2960 Fax: 0 5375 2964, www.starbrighthotel.com, 1,995-2,995 Baht

Teak Garden Spa Resort (ทีค การ์เดน สปา รีสอร์ท) 115 Mu 19 Tambon Ban Du, Tel. 0 5379 3333, 0 5370 3781-5 www.teaksparesort.com, 80 rooms: 2,500 - 3,500 Baht

Thanapat Guesthouse (ธนภัทร์ เกสต์เฮาส์) 473/34-37 Singhaklai Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5371 2492), 17 rooms: 300-500 Baht

Thanya Inn (ฮันยา อินน์) 897 Phahonyothin Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5374 4966-7, 79 rooms: 450 Baht

The Golden Triangle Inn (เดอะ โกลเด้น ไทรแอง เกิ้ล อินน์) 490 Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 1339 Fax: 05371 3963, 39 rooms: 550 - 900 Baht

The Legend Chiang Rai (เดอะ เลเจนต์ เชียงราย) 124/15 Mu 21, Koloi Road, Tambon Rimkok, Tel. 0 5391 0400, 0 5371 9649 Fax: 0 5371 9650 www.thelegend-chiangrai.com, 78 rooms: 5,500 - 12,000 Baht

The Mantrini City Hotel (เดอะมันตรินี่ ซิตี้ โฮเทล แอนด์ อาร์ต แกลเลอรี่) 292/13 Mu 13, Tambon Robwiang, Tel. 0 5360 1555-9 Fax: 0 5360 1560, www.mantrini.com, 59rooms: 2,400-13,500 Baht

The River House Resort & Spa (เดอะ ริเวอร์ เฮาส์ รีสอร์ท แอนด์ สปา) 482 Mu 4, Tambon Rimkok, Tel. 0 5375 0829 Fax: 0 5375 0822, www.riverhouse-chiangrai.com, 36 rooms: 4.000-9.000 Baht

The White House (เดอะ ไวท์ เฮาส์) 789/7 Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 3427, 0 5374 4051), 30 rooms: 500-1,000 Baht

Thima Inn (ติมา อินน์) 21/9 Ratchayotha Road, Tel. 0 5371 7248, 47 rooms: 650-900 Baht

Usuk Villa (อยู่สุข วิลล่า) 952/13 Ruamchittawai Road, Tel. 0 5371 1913, 0 5371 1946, 40 rooms: 300-600 Baht

Wangcome (วังคำ) 869/88 Pemawipat Road, Tel. 0 5371 1800, 0 5371 3841-8 Fax: 0 5371 2973, www.wangcome.com, 234 rooms: 1,400-6,000 Baht

Water Ford (วอเตอร์ฟอร์ด) 333 Mu 5, Tambon Pasang, Tel. 0 5395 3425-7, 20 rooms: 2,150-2,400 Baht

Wiang Inn (เวียงอินทร์) 893 Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 1533 Fax: 0 5371 1877, www. wianginn.com, 260 rooms: 1,500-2,000 Baht

Y.M.C.A. (วาย.เอ็ม.ซี.เอ) 70 Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 3785-6, 50 rooms: 300-500 Baht

Amphoe Chiang Khong

Ban Rim Khong (บ้านริมโขง) 278/3 Mu 7, Ban Had Krai, Tambon Wiang Tel. 0 8 1281 9966 Fax: 0 5379 1269, 6 rooms: 400-600 Baht

Ban Rim Taling (บ้านริมตลิ่ง) 99/4 Mu 3, Ban Sopsom, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1613, 08 4615 5490), 10 rooms: 550 Baht

Ban Tammila (บ้านต่ำมีละ) 113 Mu, 8 Tambon Wiang, Tel & Fax: 0 5379 1234, 9 rooms: 500 Baht **Ban Thip** (บ้านทิพย์) 400 Mu 1, Ban Hua Wiang, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 2010, 5 rooms: 350 Baht

Chiang Khong Hotel (เชียงของ) 68/1 Sai Klang Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1242, 35 rooms: 500 Baht

Chiang Khong River View (เขียงของ ริวอร์ วิว) 141 Mu 12, Ban Wiangdonchai, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1375, 08 1951 9753, 14 rooms: 500 Baht

Chom Khong Guesthouse (ขมโขง เกสต์เฮา ส์) 149/1 Mu 12, Phahonyothin Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5365 5661, 11 rooms: 400 Baht

Golden Triangle (โกลเด้น ไทรแองเกิ้ล) 590 Phahonyothin Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5371 1339, 0 5371 6996 Fax: 0 5371 3963, 32 rooms: 750-900 Baht

Ing Khong (อิงโขง) 141/1 Mu 12, Ban Wiang Donchai, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1659, 11 rooms: 500 Baht

Nam Khong Guesthouse (น้ำโขง เกสต์เฮาส์) 408 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5365 5102, 20 rooms: 500 Baht

Nam Khong Riverside (น้ำโขง ริเวอร์ไซด์) 174-176 Mu 6, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1237, 0 5379 1796 Fax: 0 5379 1802, 30 rooms: 800 Baht

Plabuek Resort (ปลาบึก รีสอร์ท) 122/2 Sai Klang Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1281, 15 rooms: 500 Baht

Rai Saeng Arun (ไว่แสงอรูณ) 2 Mu 3, Ban Pa Khub, Tambon Rim Khong, Tel. 0 5391 8643 Fax: 0 5391 8255 www.raisaengarun.com, 14 houses: 1,500-2,000 Baht **Ruen Thai Sopaphan Resort** (เรือนไทยโสภา พรรณ) 83 Mu 3, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1023 Fax: 0 5379 1446), 30 rooms: 300-600 Baht

Tha Rue Resort (ท่าเรือ รีสอร์ท) 184 Mu 1, Ban Hua Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1237, 08 6115 2781, 5 rooms: 400 Baht

Amphoe Chiang Saen

Anantara Resort & Spa (อนันตรา รีลอร์ท แอนด์ สปา) 229 Mu 1, Ban Sop Ruak, Tel. 0 5378 4084-90, www.anantara.com, 110 rooms: 7,500-14,000 Baht

Ban Suan House (บ้านสวน เฮาส์) 125 Mu 6, Liang Mueang Road, Tel. 0 5365 0907, 10 rooms: 500-600 Baht

Bua Kham Resort (บัวคำ รีสอร์ท) 7 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang, Tel/ Fax: 0 5378 4035-6, 20 rooms: 800-1,200 Baht

Chiang Saen Goldenland Resort (เขียงแสน โกลเด้นแลนด์ วีสอร์ท) 663 Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5365 1100,053777123,26 rooms: 800-1,500 Baht

Chiang Saen Lake Hill Resort (เชียงแสน เลคฮิลล์ วีสอร์ท) 166 Mu 3, Tambon Yonok, Mae Chan - Chiang Saen Road, Tel. 0 5365 0599, 0 5365 0826-9, 63 rooms: 800-1,800 Baht

Chiang Saen River Hill (เขียงแสน วิเวอร์ ฮิลล์) 714 Mu 3, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5365 0826-7 Fax: 0 5365 0830, 63 rooms: 900-1,800 Baht

Four Seasons Tented Camp (โฟร์ซีซัน เต็นท์ แคมป์) 299 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang, , Tel. 0 5391 0200 Fax: 0 5365 2189 www.fourseasons.com/ goldentriangle, 15 rooms: 1,600 Baht

Golden Home (โกลเด้น โฮม) 41 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5378 4205, 10 rooms: 500-800 Baht

Golden Iyara Resort (โกลเด้น ไอยรา รีสอร์ท) 272 Ban Sop Ruak, Tel. 0 5378 4226-7, 50 rooms: 400-900 Baht

Greater Mekong Lodge (เกรทเธอร์แม่โขง ลอด์จ) Hall of Opium, Golden Triangle Park, Ban Sop Ruak, Tel. 0 5378 4450-2 Fax: 0 5378 4453, 28 rooms, Bungalow 13 houses: 1,600-1,800 Baht

Kamsuk Resort (คำสุข จีสอร์ท) 157 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5378 4170, 15 rooms: 800-1,200 Baht

Paradise Resort (พาราไดซ์ รีลอร์ท) 235 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang , Tel. 0 5365 2111 Fax: 0 5365 2100, 150 rooms: 2,100-2,800 Baht

Patcharaporn Resort (พัชรพร รีสอร์ท) 91/1 Ban Pa Muead Road, Soi 1, Tel. 0 5373 2245 Fax: 0 5373 2768, 20 rooms: 500-1,200 Baht

Rujira Resort (รุจิรา รีสอร์ท) 121 Mu 3, Tambon Yonok, Tel. 0 5365 0369, 17 rooms: 400-800 Baht

S.V. Press (เอส.วี เพรส) 277/1 Mu 1, Ban Sop Ruak, Tambon Wiang, Mae Sai-Chiang Saen Road, Tel. 0 5378 4026-7, 6 rooms: 700-1,500 Baht

Sabai@Chiang Saen (สบายแอทเชียงแสน) 182 Mu8, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5365 0650, 27 rooms: 650-1,550 Baht

Saen Boonma Resort (แสนบุญมา รีสอร์ท) 679 Mu 2, Tel. 0 5377 7559, 0 5365 0541, 9 houses 1,000-2,000 Baht

Serene (ลิรีน) 569 Mu , Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5378 4500, www.sereneatchiangrai.com , 73 rooms: 1,800-12,000 Baht

Tararin (ธารารินทร์) 585 Mu 3, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 08 1530 5608, 19 rooms: 600-800 Baht

The Imperial Golden Triangle Resort (คิ อิมพีเรียล โกลเด้น ไทรแองเกิ้ล รีสอร์ท) 222 Mu 1, Ban Sop Ruak, Tel. 0 5378 4001-5 Fax: 0 5378 4006 www.imperialgoldentriangle.com, 73 rooms: 3,300-4,708 Baht

The River Boutique Resort (เดอะ ริเวอร์ บูติ ก รีสอร์ท) 455 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5378 4488 Fax: 0 5378 4477, 18 rooms: 1,365-4,950 Baht

Viang Yonok (เวียงโยนก) 201 Mu 3, Tambon Yonok, Tel. 0 5365 0444 www.viangyonok.com, 6 bungalows: 2,450-2,950 Baht

Win Win Club (วินวินคลับ) 235 Mu 1, Chiang Saen-Mae Sai Road, Tel. 0 5378 4323, 60 rooms: 2,200-4,700 Baht

Amphoe Mae Chan

Ban Rabieng Chan (บ้านระเบียงจัน) 99 Mu 9, Ban Nong Wen, Tambon Mae Chan, Tel. 0 5377 2791, 10 rooms: 1,500 Baht

Bua Ban Resort (บัวบาน รีสอร์ท) 226 Mu 7, Tambon Mae Rai, Tel. 0 5366 7240, 26 rooms: 400-500 Baht

Chalisa Resort (ชาลิสา วีสอร์ท) 199 Mu 4, Tambon Pa Sang, Tel. 0 5391 8351, 10 rooms: 400-700 Baht

Chom Chan Resort (จอมจันทร์ รีสอร์ท) 196 Mu 2, Tambon Sansai, Tel. 0 5365 3445, 0 5365 3456, 28 rooms: 800 Baht

Doi Hom Fah Resort (ดอยหมฟ้า รีสอร์ท) 23 Mu 9, Ban Pamieng, Tambon Patoeng, Tel. 0 5391 4999 Fax: 0 5391 4998 www.chiangraivalley resort.com, 6,500-15,000 Baht

Doi Kham Resort (ดอยคำ รีสอร์ท) 191/1-2 Mu 7, Tambon Mae Rai, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5376 3092, 25 rooms: 300-600 Baht Kiang Dao Resort (เคียงดาว รีสอร์ท) 229 Mu 2, Ban Chom Chan, Tambon San Sai, Tel. 0 5391 4779, 08 9812 9866 www.raikiangdao.com, 6 houses: 1,400-1,600 Baht

Lan Ngoen and Resort (ลานเงินแอนด์รีสอร์ท) 239 Mu 8, Tambon Patueng, Tel. 0 5366 1174, 13 rooms: 500-2,000 Baht

Lan Thong Park (ลานทอง พาร์ค) 99 Mu 13, Tel. 0 5371 0881, 26 rooms: 800-1,800 Baht

Mae Chan Resort & Fishing Park (แม่จับ รีสอร์ท แอนด์ ฟิชซึ่ง ปาร์ค) 58 Mu 11, Ban Pong Nam Ron, Tel. 0 5377 2522, 15 rooms: 800-2,500 Baht

Mae Kham Villa (แม่คำ วิลล่า) 255 Ban Mae Kham Mai, Tel. 0 5366 5579, 32 rooms: 350-4,500 Baht

Phu Jai Sai (ภูใจใส) 388 Mu 4, Ban Mae Salong Nai, Tambon Pasang Tel. 0 5391 8636-7, Fax: 0 5391 8333 www.phu-chaisai.com, 40 rooms: 4,700-14,000 Baht

Phueng Luang Resort (ผึ้งหลวง รีสอร์ท) 219 Mu 7, Ban Patung, Tel. 0 5377 1015-6, 10 bungalows: 600-2,500 Baht

Rim Chan Resort (ริมจัน รีสอร์ท) 17 Mu 1, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5377 1882-3, 30 rooms: 1,000-3,000 Baht

Ruen View Resort (เรือนวิว รีสอร์ท) 154 Ban Don Chai, Tambon Mae Rai, Tel. 0 5366 7812-3 www.ruenviewresort.com, 30 rooms: 1,000-3,000 Baht

Sawasdee Mae Salong (สวัสดีแม่สลอง) 50 Mu 10, Tambon Pa Sang, Tel. 0 8 9552 7199, 40 rooms: 300-600 Baht **Suan Nuttipon** (สวนณัฏฐิพล) 109 Mu 12, Mae Chan-Fang Road, Tambon Patueng, Tel. 0 5366 0821, 10 houses: 500 Baht

Thanthip Resort (ธารทิพย์ รีสอร์ท) 75 Mu 1, Ban Rong, Tambon Mae Chan ,Tel. 0 5366 0563, 0 5366 0123, 25 rooms: 300-400 Baht

Amphoe Mae Fa Luang

Ban Ton Nam Doi Tung 31 (บ้านพักตันน้ำ 31)
Doi Tung Royal Villa, Tel. 0 5376 7015-7 Fax: 0
5376 7077), 45 rooms: 2,200-2,500 Baht

Central Hill (เซ็นทรัล ฮิลล์) 18/4 Mu 1, Doi Mae Salong, Tel. 0 5376 5113, 0 5376 5146, 19 rooms: 500 Baht

Khum Naipol Resort (คุ้มนายพล วีสอร์ท) 58 Mu 1 Doi Mae Salong, Tel. 0 5376 5001-2, 08 1493 5242 Fax: 0 5376 5003, 25 rooms: 700-3,500 Baht

Mae Salong Resort (แม่สลอง รีสอร์ท) 3/8 Mu 1 Doi Mae Salong, Tel. 0 5376 5014-8, 0 5376 5132-4 Fax: 0 5376 5135, 75 rooms: 500-2,000 Baht

Mae Salong Villa (แม่สลอง วิลล่า) Doi Mae Salong, Tel. 0 5376 5114-9 Fax: 0 5376 5039, 52 rooms: 500-700 Baht

Amphoe Mae Lao

Suan Kaew Resort (สวนแก้ว รีสอร์ท) 144 Mu 7, Tambon Dongmada, Tel. 0 5391 8194, 0 5391 4198, 8 rooms: 300 Baht

Amphoe Mae Sai

Amporn Resort (อัมพร รีสอร์ท) 11 Mu 5, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5373 1769, 0 5364 6369), 28 rooms: 500-2,800 Baht **Ban Chong Lanna Resort** (บ้านจ้องล้านนา รีสอร์ท) 99/1 Ban Chong Soi 4, Tambon Pongpa, Tel. 0 5364 6871-2, 20 rooms: 500-1,200 Baht

Ban Ta Yai (บ้านตายาย) 164Tambon Ko Chang, Mueang Taeng Road, Tel. 08 1825 1159, 3 bungalows: 500-800 Baht

Chokratri Resort (โชคราตรี รีสอร์ท) 167 Mu 10, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5373 4092, 5 houses: 1,000-3,000 Baht

Doi Ngam (ดอยงาม รีสอร์ท) 73 Mu 2, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5373 2109), 18 houses: 600-2,000 Baht

Fai Nam Rim Than (ฝ่ายน้ำริมธาร) 7 Mu 1, Ban Chong Soi 5, Tel. 0 5364 6674, 12 rooms: 600-1,500 Baht

Huai-nam-rin Resort (ห้วยน้ำริน รีสอร์ท) 120 Mu 2, Ban Dong Ngam, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5364 0751, 47 rooms: 700-4,000 Baht

Huean Kham Resort (เฮือนคำ รีสอร์ท) 121 Mu 5, Ban Pamued, Tel. 0 5364 0761-2, 28 rooms: 300-500 Baht

Khumchao Resort (คุ้มเจ้า รีสอร์ท) 20 Mu11, Soi Namcham, Tambon Pongpa, Tel. 0 5364 6644, www.khumchaoresort.com, 12 rooms: 700-800 Baht

Mae Sai Guesthouse (แม่สาย เกสต์เฮาส์) 688 Mu 1, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5373 2481, 28 rooms: 500 Baht

Mala Resort (มาลา รีสอร์ท) Mu 10, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5364 2412-3, 08 1342 2526, 15 rooms: 400-600 Baht

Patcharaporn Resort (พัชรพร รีสอร์ท) 91/1 Mu 8, Ban Pa Muead, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5373 2245, 20 rooms: 350-800 Baht **Phu View Resort** (ภูวิว รีสอร์ท) 685 Mu 3, Tel. 0 5364 0033, 15 rooms: 700-1,200 Baht

Phutawan Mae Sai Resort (ภูตะวัน วีลอร์ท) 414 Mu 10, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5364 0727, 08 6913 9502, 08 1906 3941 Fax: 0 5364 0727, www.phutawanmaesairesort.com, 36 rooms: 500-1,200 Baht

Piyaporn Place (โยะพรเพลส) 77/1 Mu 1,Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5373 4511-3, 0 5364 2113-5 Fax: 0 5373 4515, www.piyapornplace. com, 78 rooms: 800-1,000 Baht

Silamanee Resort (ศิลามณี รีสอร์ท) 251 Mu 2, Tambon Sri Mueang Chum, Tel. 0 5364 0761, 08 1882 5758), 6 rooms: 500-1,500 Baht

Sin Wattana (สินวัฒนา) 24 Mu 10, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5373 1950, 31 rooms: 350 Baht

Sri Samut Resort (ศรีลมุทร รีลอร์ท) 588 Mu 13, By-pass Road, Tel. 0 5364 5269, 18 rooms: 400-500 Baht

Tai Thong (lnna₁) 6 Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5373 1975-6, 40 rooms: 300-900 Baht

Top North (ท็อปนอร์ท) 306 Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5373 1955, 24 rooms: 250-600 Baht

Wang Ngoen (วังเงิน) 89 Mu 4, Payangmai Road, Tel. 0 5373 2589, 22 rooms: 350 Baht

Wang Tong (วังทอง) 299 Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5373 3388-95, 170 rooms: 900-5,000 Baht

Wanliya Resort (วันลิยา วีสอร์ท) 479 Mu 10, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5364 2755, 08 1952 8291, 7 rooms: 600-800 Baht

Yunnan (ยูนนาน) 142 Mu 3, Phahonyothin Road, Tambon Wiangpangkam, Tel. 0 5364 2169-70, 0 5373 2286), 30 rooms: 500-1,000 Baht

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Amphoe Mae Suai

Charin Garden Resort (จริณ รีสอร์ท) 83 Mu 1, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 7272, 10 rooms: 600-800 Baht

Chiang Rai Country Hill Resort (เชียงราย คันทรี่ ฮิลล์ รีสอร์ท) 163 Mu 4, Mae Suai - Fang Road, Tel. 0 5378 6080, 0 5365 6351, 20 houses: 500-4,000 Baht

Laulee Hill Resort (เลาลี ฮิลล์ รีสอร์ท) 15 Mu 20, Tambon Wawi, Tel. 0 5376 0150-1 Fax: 0 5376 0152 30 rooms: 800-1,500 Baht

Suanthip Vana Resort (สวนทิพย์วนา รีสอร์ท) 49 Mu 4, Ban Pa Hiang, Kilometers. 107 Chiang Mai – Chiang Rai Road, Tambon Thakok, Tel. 0 5372 4231-5, 0 5372 4226-9 Fax: 0 5372 4230, www. suanthipresort.com, 30 rooms: 3,500-4,900 Baht

Amphoe Thoeng

Chiang Rung (เขียงรุ่ง) 1265 Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5372 2322, 0 5372 2421, 36 rooms: 500-600 Baht

Kumdoksiew (คุ้มดอกเลี้ยว) 19 Mu 24, Tel. 08 5034 9635, 08 3325 8785, 7 rooms: 500-1,500 Baht

Lak Service (ลักษ์บริการ) Ban Rom Fa Thai Tel. 08 1673 1216, 08 9759 1691, 11 houses: 2,000-3,000 Baht

Phu Chi Fa Inn (ภูขึ้ฟ้า อินน์) 27 Mu 24, Tel. 0 5391 8225,08 1960 6537,15 houses:400-4,500 Baht

Phu Chi Fa Lodge (ภูขึ้ฟ้า ลอด์จ) 3 Mu 19, Tel. 08 4943 1960, www.phucheefalodge.com, 13 houses: 1,000-2,400 Baht

Phu Chi Fa News (ภูขึ้ฟ้านิวส์) 9 Mu 24, Tel. 08 1672 7514, 08 1882 4129, 11 houses: 800-1,500 Baht

Phu Chi Fa Panich (ภูขึ้ฟ้าพาณิชย์) 1 Mu 24, Tel. 0 5391 8331, 08 1980 4306, 10 houses: 500-1,000 Baht)

Phu Mok Camping (ภูหมอกแคมปิง) 39 Mu 19, Tel. 0 5391 8242, 14 houses: 2,400-4,000 Baht

Rai Rom Pho Thong (ไว่ร่มโพลิ์ทอง) 59 Mu 19, Tel. 08 7189 1099, 08 1998 8009, www. rairompothongresort.com, 23 rooms: 1,500-2.400 Baht

Ruam San Sang (ร่วมสรรค์สร้าง) 41 Mu 24, Tambon Tabtao, Tel. 08 1993 3708 www. phuchifa.net, 23 rooms: 2000-3000 Baht

Ruen Tawan Resort (เรือนตะวัน รีสอร์ท) 42 Mu 12, Ban Papee, Tambon Charoen Mueang, Tel. 08 5723 9741, 10 houses: 600-1,200 Baht

Ukrit Farm (อุกฤษ์ ฟาร์ม) 30 Mu 19, Tel. 0 5391 8100, 31 houses: 2,400-4,000 Baht

Amphoe Wiang Chai

Pyramid Resort & Campings (ปีรามิค รีสอร์ท & แคมปีง) 250 Soi 4 Mu 6, Tambon Wiang Chai, Tel. 08 1289 9207 Fax: 0 53872068, www.thepy ramidresort.com, 4 houses: 700-1,600 Baht

Amphoe Wiang Kaen

Huean Dorksiow (เฮือนดอกเสี้ยว) 25 Mu 18, Tambon Por, Tel. 0 5360 8184, www.dorksiow. com, 4 houses: 500 Baht

Mei Hua (เหมยฮัว) 335 Mu 14, Tel. 08 7191 8808, 14 rooms: 500-1,800 Baht

Patcharee Resort (พัชรี รีสอร์ท) 236 Mu 14, Tel. 08 1950 5731, 10 rooms: 1,200 Baht

Pha Tang Hill (ผาตั้ง ฮิลล์) 235 Mu 14, Tel. 08 71915037, 6 rooms: 600 Baht **Phu Chi Fa Hill** (ภูขึ้ฟ้า ฮิลล์) 37 Mu 18, Tel. 08 1980 4163, 08 9850 1577, www.phucheefahhill. com , 17 rooms: 800-2,000 Baht

Phu Sawan Resort (ภูสารรค์ รีสอร์ท) 44 Mu 19, Tel. 0 5391 8585, 08 1952 5939, 15 houses: 2,000-5,000 Baht

Amphoe Wiang Pa Pao

C & C Resort (Cabbages and Condoms Cottage)

(ชี แอนด์ ซี) 153 Mu 6, Tambon Pa Ngiu, Tel. 0 5395 2312-4), 21 rooms: 600-1,300 Baht

Fullhouse Resort (ฟูลเฮาส์ รีสอร์ท) 171 Mu 1, Tambon Pa Ngiu, Tel. 0 5378 1149, 14 rooms: 690-1,290 Baht

Mon Than Tham (ม่อนธารธรรม) 360 Mu 10, Tambon Mae Chedi, Tel. 0 5378 9075, 15 rooms: 1,000-1,730 Baht

RESTAURANTS

Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai

C&C (Cabbages and Condoms) (ชี แอนด์ ชี) 620/25, Thanalai Road, , Tel. 0 5371 9167 (International food,Thai food)

Chivit Thammada Coffee House (ชีวิต ธรรมดา คอฟฟี่ เฮ้าส์) 179 Mu 2, Soi Rong Sua Tent 3, Tambon Rimkok, Tel. 0 5316 6622 (Coffee, Bakery, Food)

Davinci (ดาวินซี) 879/4-5, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5375 2535 (European food)

Ek Ocha (เอกโอชา) 455 Mu 4, Mae Yang-Chiang Rai Road, Tel. 0 5371 2543 (Thai– Chinese food) **Jar Hee Khao Tom Baht Deiow** (จ่าฮีข้าวต้ม บาทเดียว) 567/9,Thanalai Road,Tel. 0 5374 0024 (Thai food)

Khao Tom Mee Na (ข้าวด้มมีนา) Rongsi Kao Si Koet (Thai food)

Khao Tom Jor Charoen Chai (จ.เจริญชัย) 400/11 , Sanambin Road, Tel. 0 5371 2731 (Chinese food)

Khao Tom Nai Kor (ข้าวดัมนาย ก.) 90/11, Phahonyothin Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5374 8521 (Thai food)

Krua Sin Barong (ครัวศิลป์บารอง) 47 Mu 4, Tambon Ban Du, Tel. 08 9424 9984 (Thai food)

Mueang Thong (มืองกอง) 889/1-2, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 1162 (Chinese food)

Pu-Lae (ภูแล) 673/1, Thanalai Road, Tel. 0 5360 0500 (Northern style food)

Saban Nga Khantoke (สบันงาขันโตก) 226/50, Sankhong Road, Tel. 0 5371 2290, (Khantoke Dinner and traditional dances)

Saharot (สหรส) 416/1, Banphraprakan Road, Tel. 08 6918 9129

Slung Kham (สลุงคำ) 834/3, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 7192 (Thai and Local food)

Sri Trang (ครีตรัง) 421/1 , Banphraprakan Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5375 2072 (Thai food)

Sung Photchana (ຂັ້ນໂກໝາ) 66/1, Phahonyothin Road, Tambon Rimkok, Tel. 0 5316 6797 (Chinese food)

Tongthung (ตองตึง) 1/1, Sanambin Road, Tel. 0 5375 6403 (Local Food)

Vivien House (วิเวียน เฮาส์) 67/1, Sun Khong Noi Road, Soi 9, Tel. 0 5371 4978 (Thai, European food)

Yunan (ยูนนาน) 211/9, Khwae Wai Road, Tel. 0 5371 3263 (Chinese food)

Amphoe Chiang Khong

Dao Reune Phae (ดาวเรือนแพ) Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5379 1176 (Thai food)

Easy Bar and Restaurant (อีซีบาร์แอนด์ เรสเตอรอง) Tambon Wiang, Tel. 08 6913 1144 (Thai, European food)

Nang Nuan (นางนวล) Ban Hat Khrai, Tel. 0 5379 1271 (Thai food)

Amphoe Chiang Saen

Ban Mai Nai Suan (บ้านไม้ในสาน) 281 Mu 8, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 08 1530 0708 (Thai food)

Golden Iyara Villa (โกลเดน ไอยรา วิลล่า) 272 Mu 1,Tambon Wiang,Tel. 0 5378 4226 (Thai food)

Khrua Ban Rot Fai 155 (ครัวบ้านรถไฟ) 155 Chiang Saen-Chiang Khong Road, Tel. 0 5365 0605-7 (Thai food)

Siwan (ศรีวรรณ) 150 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5378 4025 (Thai food)

Amphoe Mae Chan

C&C Mae Chan (ซีแอนด์ซี แม่จัน) 342 Mu 1, Tambon Mae Rai, Tel. 0 5376 3241 (Thai-European food)

Chan Panna (จันทร์ปั่นนา) 287 Mu 8, Tambon Mae Kham, Tel. 08 3784 1551 (Thai food) Im Photchana (ຄົ່ມໂກชนา) Doi Mae Salong, Tel. 08 9637 5290

Khao Soi Anong (ข้าวชอยอนงค์) Mae Chan Intersection, Tel. 0 5377 2459 (Local food)

Lan Ngoen (สวนอาหารลานเงินแอนด์รีสอร์ท) 239 Mu 8 Tambon Pa Tueng, Tel. 0 5366 1174, 08 1885 9696 (Thai food)

Lao Sang Photchana (เล่าชางโภชนา) 98 Mu 1, Tambon Mae Salong Nok, Tel. 0 5376 5342 (Thai, Chinese food)

Nung Muan Kin Luam (นั่งม่วนกินลำ) 365 Mu 3, Tha Ton Fan Soi 10, Tambon Pa Tueng, Tel. 0 5366 1201(Thai food)

Parabola (พาลาโบล่า) 207 Mu 11, Tel. 0 5377 2234 (Coffee & Homemade Bakery)

Sakura (ชากุระ) 8/8 Mu 1, Tambon Mae Salong Nok, Tel. 0 5376 5014 (Chinese food)

Sarima (ซาลีมา) 500 Mu 1, Tambon Mae Salong Nok, Tel. 0 5376 5088 (Muslim food)

Son Son (สน สน) 2/3 Mu 1, Tambon Mae Salong Nok, Tel. 0 5376 5081 (Thai, Chinese)

Ting Ting (ถึง ถึง) Ban Therd Thai, Tel. 0 5373 0066 (Thai, Chinese food)

Wang Phuttan (วังพุคตาล) 77 Mu 1, Tambon Mae Salong Nok, Tel. 0 5376 5094 (Thai, Chinese)

Amphoe Mae Sai

Ananpura (อนันต์ปุระ) 57/1 Mu 1, Tambon Wiang Pang Kham, Tel. 0 5364 0504 (Thai food)

Khrua Sukhothai (ครัวสุโขทัย) 42 Mu 1, Tambon Pong Pha, Tel. 0 5364 6249 (Thai, Chinese food) **Nada Khrua Muslim** (นะดาครัวมุสลิม) 3 Mu 3, Wiang Phang Kham, Tel. 0 5364 0593(Thai, Chinese food)

Yunan Jing Lai Soon (ยูนนานจิงหลายซุ่น) 15/1 Mu 8. Tel. 0 5373 3439 (Chinese food)

TRAVEL AGENTS

Chiang Rai Bicycle Tour (เชียงรายไบซีเคิลทัวร์) 145 Mu 3, Tambon Tha Sai, Tel. 0 5377 4506 www.chiangraibicycle.com

Chiang Rai Ekachai (เขียงรายเอกชัย) 733/7, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 1358 www. chiangraiekkachai.com

Golden Triangle Tour (โกลเด้นไทรแองเกิ้ล ทัวร์) 580/2, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5371 3918 www.goldenchiangrai.com

Intawong Tour (อินทวงศ์ ทัวร์) Tel. 0 5371 7930 www.intawongtour.com *J Travel Service* (เจ ทราเวล เซอร์วิส) Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 0 5374 0432 www.chiangraitravel.com

Mae Salong Tour (แม่สลอง ทัวร์) 96/4-5, Rajayotha Road, Tambon Wiang, Tel. 0 5371 6505-7 www.maesalongtour.com

Ming Transport (หมิงทรานสปอร์ต) 392 Mu 21, Tambon Rob Wiang, Tel. 0 5377 4444 www. mingontour.com

Northwheels (นอร์ทวีล) 591, Phahonyothin Road, Tel. 05374 0585 www.northwheels.com

P.D.Tour (พีดีทัวร์) 869/100, Pemawiphak Road, Tel. 0 5371 2829 www.pdtour.com

Tung Luang (กุงหลวง) 869/141, Pemawiphak Road, Tel. 05375 2161 www.tungluangtour.com

Tel. 0 5315 0163

USEFUL CALLS

Provincial Public Relations office

Provincial Office Tel. 0 5391 0711

Police Station Tel. 0 5371 1444

Highway Police Tel. 1193

Tourist Police Tel. 0 5371 7779, 1155

Telephone Enquiry Tel. 1133

Chiang Rai Prachanukroh Hospital Tel. 0 5391 0600, 0 5371 1009

TOURIST INFORMATION

TOURISM AUTHORITY OF THAILAND

Head Office

1600 Phetchaburi Road, Makkasan

Ratchathewi, Bangkok 10400

Tel. 1672

Fax: 0 2253 7440

E-mail: info@tat.or.th

www.tourismthailand.org

MINISTRY OF TOURISM AND SPORTS

4 Ratchadamnoen Nok Avenue, Bangkok 10100

Tel. 0 2283 1566

08.30 a.m. - 04.30 p.m. everyday

TOURISM AUTHORITY OF THAILAND CHIANG RAI OFFICE

448/16 Singhakhlai Road, Amphoe Mueang Chiang Rai, Chiang Rai 57000

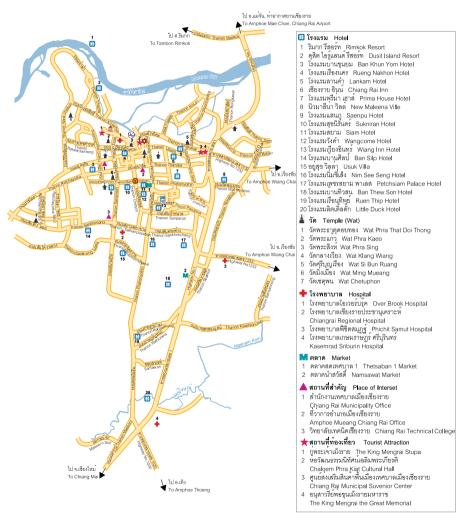
Tel. 0 5371 7433, 0 5374 4674-5 Fax: 0 5371 7434

E-mail: tatchrai@tat.or.th

Areas of Responsibility: Chiang Rai, Phayao

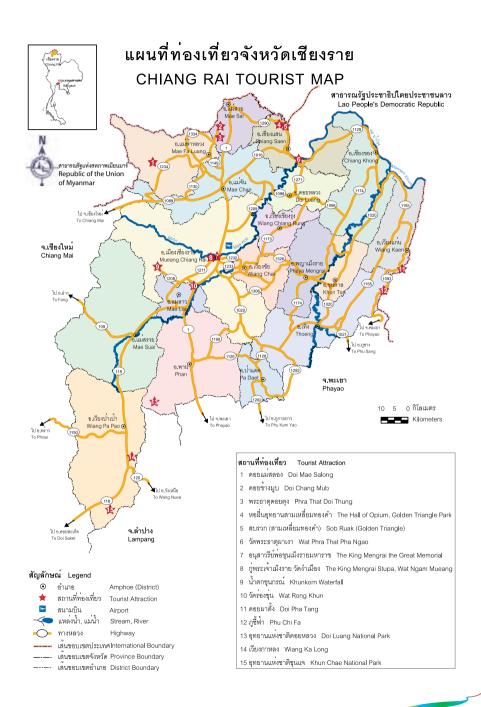


แผนที่ตัวเมืองเชียงราย CHIANG RAI CITY MAP















Phu Chi Fah









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